

[6] – (придаточное) предложение, начинающееся с who, what, where, why, when, how или as if

[7] – имя прилагательное

[9] – обстоятельственный оборот

Строчные буквы указывают место наречия или предлога:

[a] – наречие или предлог следуют сразу за глаголом

[b] – наречие или предлог отделены от глагола

Автор выражает большую благодарность Костенко Юрию Ивановичу за помощь в компьютерном наборе данного словаря.

Verb	Examples
<p>back away v adv уклоняться от решения, отказываться от рассмотрения; [IØ from]</p>	<p>There are signs that Congress is <i>backing away from</i> some of its more radical proposals.</p>
<p>back down v adv <i>also esp. AmE = back off</i> – уступать, отступаться (в споре, дискуссии и т.п.); [IØ]</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ministers had <i>backed down in the face of</i> (столкнувшись с) growing opposition to concentrate on <i>pushing ahead with</i> privatization of the Post Office (UK). • The administration is not <i>backing down from</i> its intent to raise revenues (from timber sales). • But the audit committee has <i>backed down on one</i> important issue.
<p>back up v adv оказывать поддержку (к.-л. или ч.-л.); поддерживать (к.-л. или ч.-л.); [I I]</p>	<p>Now, Mr. M.H. has profits to <i>back up</i> his predictions about online markets.</p>
<p>be (further) along (= get along, move along) продвигаться (в к.-л. области); [I I]</p>	<p>Ericsson is <i>further along in</i> developing working modems.</p>
<p>be around v adv быть в добром здравии; находиться там, где всегда, или поблизости; не обанкротиться, продолжать существовать (о компании и т.п.); [L9 + around]</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mr. E. is still very much <i>around</i>, although no longer in day-to-day management. • The group has <i>been around</i> (существовал) only since June 2000. • He believes that Shocbuy's cash-flow advantage explains why the

company is still around and onetime competitors aren't.

be at

v prep

1) активно заниматься (ч.-л.); напряженно работать; [Г1 (no pass.)]

2) *be at hand* – близко (используется как в отношении времени, так и расстояния)

3) *be at odds* – не соглашаться с к.-л. по поводу ч.-л.; противостоять друг другу в ч.-л.

4) *be at one* – быть (с к.-л.) заодно, быть в согласии (с к.-л.); быть вместе

1) Privatizing the airports would enable them (airlines) to finance their growth like any other corporation in US. And while we *are at* it, let's privatize the air-traffic control network as well.

2) Now a solution *is at hand*.

3) They *have been* increasingly *at odds* over how to deal with proposals from the United States to get the peace process moving.

4) Here the art and craft of couture once again become the cornerstones of fashion. In that, he and W. *are at one*.

be behind

v prep

1) отставать (от ч.-л. или к.-л.); [Г1]

2) быть причиной (ч.-л.); (о причине ч.-л.) крыться, [Г1]

1) The trouble is the contractors *are behind* schedule.

2) There is some trouble on the shop floor. I've got a feeling that one of the shop stewards *is behind* this.

be done for

v prep

not finl быть разрушенным, измотанным, на краю гибели и т. п.

This firm *is done for*.

be down

v adv

снижаться (в цене, количестве и т.п.); [10]

The price of fruit *is down*.**be down to**

v adv prep

явиться результатом (ч.-л.)

It's hard to know how much of this *is down to* simple greed.**be fed up (with)**

v adv

not fml быть в плохом настроении; надоелоThe big banks are *fed up with* being repeatedly ordered to rescue weaker banks.**be for**

v prep

поддерживать (ч.-л. или к.-л.), быть за (ч.-л. или к.-л.); [Г] (*no pass.*)We don't think it is possible to live in today's world from positions of strength. But that doesn't mean that we *are for* talking from positions of weakness.**be in**

v adv

1) быть дома или на работе; [1,9+in]

2) прибывать, приезжать; [1,9+in]

3) быть полученным (о сообщении и т.п.); [10]

4) быть избранным; [10]

5) (об урожае) быть собранным; [10]

6) быть в моде; [10]

1) I'm afraid, he *is not in* at the moment.2) *Is* the train *in* yet?3) Papers must *be in* by Monday.4) The Democrats *are in*.5) The strawberries *are not in* yet.6) Long skirts *are in* again.

be in

v prep

1) быть (в к.-т. состоянии или каких-т. условиях):

[L9 + in]

2) *be in the cards* *infml* = *in the future*

3) *be in favour of* – поддерживать, выступать за (ч.-т.)

4) *be in line with* – соответствовать, быть в согласии, действовать в унисон

5) *be in the pipeline* – в работе; в разработке; на пути

6) *be in place* – appropriate, proper: (о законе) начнёт действовать, заработает; (о сделке) оставаться в силе; иметься (в наличии), существовать

7) *be in effect* (*go into effect*; *take effect*) = *to become effective* – начать действовать, вступить в силу (о законе и т.п.)

1) But a closer look at Alcatel reveals that it *was in no position* to buy Lucent last spring.

2) Such a radical shake-up of regulation *is not in the cards*.

• In the tense climate of the Cold War, NATO membership *was never in the cards* for Finland.

3) While many directors *are in favour of* expanding the system, none wants to be the first to *go it alone*. (действовать в одиночку, самостоятельно)

4) The figures *are in line with* full-year expectations.

5) So they will *make do* (довольствоваться) for the next few years by *dribbling out* (выпускать по капле) designs already *in the pipeline*.

6) And Iraqi oil couldn't be exported until U.N.-approved monitoring mechanisms *were in place*.

• Yanai's 1% deal *is no longer in place*. But he remains a legend at EMC.

• Legislators will vote on a takeover law to replace the voluntary code now *in place*.

7) In Florida, such ban *is in effect* for 30 days after a disaster.

be in for

v adv prep

1) быть в состоянии ожидания (ч.-л., часто неприятно-го). [T1]

2) *be in for it/trouble* –

ожидать наказания; напра-
шиваться на наказание

1) I think that Indonesia *is in for* a very rough year again this year.

• We *are in for* a steady deterioration in our standard of living.

• You get the feeling that *we're in for* a big upturn in the market.

2) We *are in for* some trouble.

• Being relatively new to the job, I felt bad missing days from work because either my little girl or I were ill. One day I received a phone call at home. I nearly panicked, realizing it was my senior partner calling. I was certain that I *was in for it*.

be in on

v adv prep [T]

1) быть в курсе (ч.-л.)

2) *inform* участвовать; играть активную роль

1) Make sure your secretary *is in on* it. (*it = on the times when you are in your office*)

be short of

не хватать (чего-л.); испыты-
вать дефицит (ч.-л.); = *not
having enough of sth*

This company has never *been short of ideas*. (*Эта компания никогда не испытывала недостатка в идеях.*)

be off

v adv

1) быть отключенным, не
функционировать; [L9 + off]

2) уходить, покидать; [IØ]

3) отмениться (*событие*); не
состояться; [IØ]

1) The gas *is off* again.

2) The manager *was off* on a training course.

3) The deal *is off*.

• You won't see that film this week, because it *is off* now.

• France's presidential election *is still 15 months off*.

- 4) (о продуктах) протухнуть, испортиться; [10]
- 5) быть свободным от обязанностей или работы;
- 6) *not find* быть снабженным (ч.-л.); [L9 + for];
- 7) *be better (worse) off* – быть в лучшем (худшем) положении; считать, что лучше (сделать ч.-л.)
- 8) *be well/badly off (for)* быть обеспеченным/необеспеченным (материально или какими-л. предметами);
- 9) *be better off without* – обойтись (без ч.-л.)
- 10) *be way off* – а) быть далеко; б) сильно ошибаться

4) The milk is off.

5) Which managers are off this afternoon?

6) How are you off for cash?

7) They are better off than we are.

• Conceding that most people would be worse off, the finance minister said: "No one is going to cheer, but it has to happen."

8) You are not badly off for clothes.

• My parents are very comfortably off.

9) He'd be better off without your advice.

10) They are some way off.

be off

v prep

1) оторваться (от ч.-л.)

2) не посещать (работу и т.п.); закончить (работу, выполнение обязанностей и т.п.); [T1]

3) перестать интересоваться (ч.-л.), разлюбить

4) *to be off one's game* – быть не в форме

1) In Japan, food, beer and household goods cost less than a year ago. And prices for commercial land are off a staggering 63 percent from 2001.

• German industrial indexes are off 16% from their 2002 highs.

2) I'll be off duty tonight.

3) I'm off beer at the moment.

4) He was off his game today.

be on track

иметь все шансы (*достичь ч.-л.*)

- Consumer e-commerce in Asia *is on track* to reach \$8.4 billion this year.
- The company *is surely on the right track*.

be on one's way to doing sth

находиться в процессе осуществления чего-л.

A European continent *is on its way to being knit together* as a political, economic and strategic entity.

be out

v adv

- 1) отсутствовать, не быть дома или на работе; [L9 + out]
- 2) ошибиться; [10 + in]
- 3) быть немодным, выйти из моды; [10]
- 4) *esp. AmE not fml* [10] не функционировать, обычно по причине аварии
- 5) выходить в свет, публиковаться; стать общезвестным; [10]
- 6) *be out to do sth – not fml* собираться ч.-л. сделать; иметь намерение

7) *be out of line – not fml* быть неуместным или крайне неожиданным

1) I'm afraid, Mr. Spencer *is out*.

2) The bill *is* \$10 *out*.

3) Mini skirts *are out* this year.

4) Their computers *were out* for two hours.

5) Telefonica first-quarter figures *are due out* today.

6) A further \$800mn worth of contracts *are still out* to tender.

- My parents *have been out* to see us but I've been back to Britain only once in seven years.

- The USA *is out* to get the better of us.

7) Faced with falling revenues, profits and rising costs that *were out of line* with its competitors Sainsbury sought a strategic repositioning to reclaim its standing as the UK's premier quality food retailer.

be through

v adv

1) *not fml* прекратить, закончить, перестать (ч.-л. *делать*); порвать отношения; [IØ(with)]

2) сняться по телефону (с к.-л.); [IØ(to)]

1) Well, Mr Brent, when do you think you'll be finished? Oh, I think, I'll *be through* by the end of the month.

2) "Can you put me through to Mr. Smith?" "You *are through* now".

be under wraps/keep under wraps

скрывать (*держат в тайне*) до определенного момента;

to keep smth concealed (until some future time)

Many of the details *are still under wraps*, however.

be up

v adv

1) увеличиться, повыситься, подняться (*о количестве и т.п.*); [IØ]

2) повыситься в цене

3) *in fml* случаться, происходить; [IØ(with)]

1) Software company SAP *was up* 6.7 percent to 241.02 euro and Siemens up 6.1 per cent to 147.85 euro.

2) The company's stock *is up* too, boosting its market capitalization by a cool \$71 bn.

- Milk and meat *are up* this week.

3) They knew something *was up*.

be up against

v adv prep

not fml столкнуться (с ч.-л.), иметь серьезные проблемы, трудности, быть в тяжелом положении; [T1]

- I'm always *up against* deadlines and therefore I'm never bored. (*приходится вписываться в жесткие временные рамки*)

- We were *up against* experienced professionals.

- But look at what he was *up against*.

be up for

v adv prep

предназначаться (для ч.-л.); [T1]

- Only one-third of the seats in the Senate *are up for* election every two years.
- This plant *was up for* sale.

be up to

v adv prep

1) быть в состоянии делать (ч.-л.); [T1]

2) *not find* затевать (что-л. *неладное*); [T1]

3) отвечать стандарту, эталону и т.п.; [T1]

4) зависеть от (к.-л.); [It + V3]

5) достигать определенного уровня; [L9 + up + to]

6) (*be*) *up to snuff* (*slang*) = as good as is required; meeting the minimum requirements – удовлетворять минимальным требованиям

1) *I'm not up to* doing this job.

2) What's *be up to* these days? Is he totally gone from the political scene?

3) Our current organization *is not up to* the job.

• They were against promoting someone who *was not up to* standard.

4) *It's up to* the marketing manager whether the budget should be geared to a profit goal, a sales goal, or a market share goal.

• The next steps in carrying out the federal budget *are then up to* congress.

5) Each share could *be worth up to* \$ 2.

6) These new engines just aren't *up to snuff*.

bear down on

v adv prep

1) приложить усилия воздействовать в сторону снижения (уменьшения) (ч.-л.); [T1]

2) усгремляться, набрасываться, нападая, обрушиваться; [T1]

Germany's main preoccupation is *to bear down on* inflation.

bear out

v adv

подтверждать истинность
(ч.-л.), поддерживать (к.-л.);
[T1]

- This study *bears out* a fundamental fact of economics.
- The predictions implied by earlier theory are indeed *borne out* by the evidence.
- Mr. M.'s belief in bank assurance has not been *borne out*.
- He says his wide selection of fresh produce is a big strength. *Bearing* him out, regular customer, I.D., praises the kiwi fruits, avocados and mangoes.

beef up

v adv

esp. AmE infml укреплять,
усиливать или улучшать
(ч.-л.); [T1]

- He also aims to *beef up* the percentage of revenue derived from accessories (ties, belts etc.).
- This company should *beef up* its efforts.

bid for

v prep

1) предлагать (цену) на аукционе; [T1 + for]
предлагать (к.-л. цену) на аукционе; [D1 + for]
2) стараться добиться (цели); [T1]

Furthermore, GM has said it will *bid for* South Korean DAEWOO.

bid up

v adv

набивлять, повышать цену (за товар) на аукционе;
[T1]

These resources were *bid up* by competing users.

bind up in

v adv prep

быть тесно связанным с (к-л. или ч.-л.)

Thus there are planning, interpretive and controlling functions *bound up in* the task.

bog down

v adv

1) *not finl (usu. pass.)* застрять, встретить препятствия, [Т1]

2) замедлить продвижение вперед; срывать

3) (*разг.*) быть, стать бездейственным

1) Negotiations appear to have *bogged down* over tax and legal issues.

• The company *was bogged down* in about \$480 ml old debts to suppliers and the government.

• Chancellor G.Sch.'s reform package is still *bogged down*.

2) The real danger is not that Russia's march to the West goes into reverse, but that it *bogs down* for lack of ideas and people.

3) Don't let your key people get *bogged down* in a lot of meaningless meetings and paper shuffling.

boil down to

v adv prep

not finl сводиться к: [Т1]

• Opinion basically *boils down to* whether or not you believe that managers are born, or whether they can be made.

• Business plans *boil down to* operating the company on paper.

bolt up

v adv

увеличиться (вырасти) быстро и неожиданно

The euro saw the fastest initial gains, *bolting up* above \$0.95 before *giving up* some of its gains to end the London session at \$0.944.

boot out

v adv

infinl увольнять; [T1]

The company *booted out* the top executive for entertaining programming.

boss around/about

v adv

not finl гонять (к.-л.) по всяким, порой ненужным, поручениям; распоряжаться всякую; [T1h]

There are advantages in being the biggest economy. It gives governments the economic clout to *boss* other nations *around*. (*the economic clout – экономическое большое влияние, нажим*)

bottom out

v adv

достичь нижнего предела, нижней точки перед новым подъёмом; [10]

• Signs of rebound in the manufacturing sector supported the view that interest rates *have bottomed out* at 5%.

• "Investors are expecting that the slump in cyclical shares *has bottomed out*," analysts said.

• A tremendous downward trend has now *bottomed out*.

• Land prices appear to have *bottomed out*.

bounce back

v adv

1) оправиться (*от удара и т.п.*)

2) прийти в норму (*после болезни, экономического спада и т.п.*): [10]

1) Technology, media and telecoms mostly *bounced back*, encouraged by US markets opening stronger.

2) The latter, which lost its pre-eminent position as the UK's biggest company by market capitalization to BP Amoco for one day, *bounced back* strongly, accounting for about 50 FTSE 100 points.

3) *not /nt* иметь результатом, возыметь эффект; [(IØ) + on]

3) Its claim that organic sales *would bounce back* from less than 2 per cent to about 5–6 per cent in 2002-03 was greeted with some skepticism.

bounce off / from

v prep

отскакивать (*от стены и т.п.*); [T1 + off /from]

The broker says the shares, which three months ago *bounced off* a low of 39 euro, are underpinned by the group's share buybacks, strong brands in the US and tightening spending controls.

(*buy-back* – форма долгосрочной товарообменной операции; *underpin* – поддерживать, подкреплять)

branch out

v adv

открывать новые отделы, филиалы, виды деятельности и т.п.; [IØ (into)]

= *to reach out or spread out*

• The group has also *branched out* into food – opening restaurants Prism in the City and Oxo Tower on the south bank of the Thames.

• His predecessor, J.C. (the banker), *branched out* in geography and function.

• Their family business *branched out* through deals with international companies.

break apart

v adv

развалиться на части; разрушиться

When the bubble deflated, the iron triangle (three companies) slowly *broke apart*, but the banks maintained centerscant stakes in a range of companies.

break away

v adv

1) разорвать связь (с ч.-л.);
отделиться; [IØ (from)]

2) отказаться от (привычки,
образа мысли или веры)

1) About twenty members of the
Labour Party *have broken away*.

• Russia fears that Kaliningrad may
break away.

2) He *broke away* from the traditional
workers' rights policies.

break down

v adv

1) разрушать, разбивать
(ч.-л.) [T1 + down]

2) выйти из строя, сломать-
ся (о машинах, механизмах);
[IØ]

3) провалиться, ухудшиться
(о переговорах и т.п.); [IØ]

4) потерять самообладание,
не выдержать; [IØ]

5) разбивать(ся) на классы,
категории, ряды и т.п.;
[T1 (into)]

1) The drive to *break down* barriers
to markets should continue.

2) Deliveries are held up because one
of their annealing ovens *broke down*.

3) The take over comes one month
after the merger between the GST
Emerging Asia Trust and Pacific
Horizon *broke down*.

• The 1,500-member flight attendant
union (ASSA) declared a strike after
wage talks *broke down*.

4) The suspect eventually *broke
down* and confessed.

5) The Internet economy *can be
broken down* into four key sectors:
infrastructure (the hardware); ap-
plications (the software);
intermediaries; and e-commerce.

• What I would like to do is to *break
down* the activity of the company into
cost centers.

break even

v adv

not find не приносить ни
прибыли, ни убытка; покры-
вать ровно расходы; [IØ]

German companies, struggling to
break even at home, want to be part of
this growth (go hunting for acquisitions)
and so have been *buying in*. (скупать
акции)

break into

v prep

начать работать в новой области; (*с трудом*) начинать (ч.-з.); [Т]

We can't let that one failure stop us from trying to *break into* a new market.

break off

v adv

порвать, прервать (*отношения и т.п.*); [Т1а]

• Slovenia *broke off* from Yugoslavia – *syn.*: break away.

• They *broke off* negotiations a few weeks ago after failing to agree a price.

[Т]

• Israel *broke off* its talks with Syria.

• The talks concerning a possible merger were *broken off*.

break out

v adv

1) разразиться, вспыхнуть (*о войне и т.п.*); внезапно начаться; [IØ]

1) When Mr. P.Ch., India's finance minister, unveiled the country's 2000-01 budget, cheers *broke out* in Bombay dealing rooms.

• The workers went on strike. But no violence *broke out*.

• A fire *broke out*.

2) They *broke out of* poverty.

2) сбежать, совершить побег; вырваться откуда-л.; [(IØ) (of)]

break through

v adv; v prep

1) прорваться, пробиться; [IØ]

1) The goal is to try to *break through* the frustratingly slow pace at which genetic research is yielding new medical treatments.

2) сделать важное открытие, добиться целей; [IØ]

break to

v prep

сообщить (к.-л. *обыч.*
плохие вести) в мягкой
форме; [T1+10]

He went everywhere with a small radio to help him learn English. It was a number of days before someone considerably *broke it to* him that he was listening to a Dutch station.

break up

v adv

1) разбивать(ся) на более
мелкие части; [T1], [IØ]

1) A Justice Department lawyer said the government won't retreat from its plan *to break up* Microsoft Corp.

• Should new management be installed at Cable and Wireless *to break the business up*?

2) разрушать(ся); [T1 (into)],
[IØ (into)]

2) Politicians have demanded the ministry *be broken up into* smaller agencies.

3) кончать(ся), завершать
(ся); [T1]

3) Water canons were used to *break up* an election march in Jakarta this week.

4) распадаться, разваливаться;
[IØ]

4) Their alliance *broke up*.

• The roads reopened before noon, and long lines of traffic began to *break up* quickly. (*исчезать*)

• AT&T *broke up* in 1989.

5) разделять (ч.-л. на более
мелкие части); [T1 (into)
(often pass.)]

5) They think it is more likely that this business *would be broken up* and sold to different bidders in each market.

6) разбить (демонстра-
цию и т.п.)

6) They accused police of excessive force in *breaking up* small groups of demonstrators.

bring about

v adv

вызывать (ч.-л.); быть
причиной (ч.-л.); [T]

• These moves helped *bring about* a boom in investing (in arms sales).

• They *brought about* great improvements in the manufacturing processes.

• The introduction of group technology into manufacture *brings about* many changes.

bring back

v adv

возвращать (ч.-л.) к жизни;
вновь вводить в действие:

[1]

• Supply must clearly somehow *be brought back into line* with demand.

• BHP's existing CEO, Paul Anderson, an American, has completed the surgery needed to *bring the ailing conglomerate back to health*.

• *To bring the brand (Levi's) back to life*, M. is methodically weeding inventory, *cutting back* the number of items and focusing on innovative products.

bring down

v adv

1) снижать (цену и т.п.); [Г]

2) нанести удар (напр. политическому противнику), победить (политического противника), добиться (чьей-л.) отставки; [Г]

1) This is hardly the worrying news that will get the monetary policy committee rushing out to *bring base rates down* again.

• The company *brought working hours down* to 44 hours (the move downwards from 48 h.).

• The state could help *by bringing down* the inflation rate, the industry's single greatest problem.

2) It was just one of a string of property-related deals that *have brought Chiyoda down*.

• Their aim was to *bring down* the government.

bring forth

v adv

рождать; давать (*плоды, урожай*); [Т]а)

Each episode of financial turbulence *brings forth* more demands for governments to subdue markets.

bring forward

v adv

выдвигать (*идею, предложение*); [Т]1)

A lot of great ideas got wasted, because people were afraid to *bring them forward*.

bring in

v adv

1) привлекать (*к.-л.*) для оказания помощи; [Т]2) приносить (*деньги*) в виде прибыли, заработка;3) выдвигать (*предложение и т.п.*), вносить (*на рассмотрение*); вводить (*новые идеи*); [Т]1)

1) He *has been brought in* to revive a company.

• Companies are becoming very focused on *bringing in* people who fit into their culture.

2) The open-door policy *brought in* huge foreign investments.

3) The revolution of 1911 in China *brought in* the idea of capitalism

bring on

v adv

1) вносить (*ч.-л.*), вводить (*к.-л.*); привлекать к участию (*в ч.-л.*); [Т]1)

2) способствовать росту, развитию, прогрессу; [Т]1)

1) *Bringing* additional partners *on* has taken longer than anyone thought.

2) Rapid advances in information were *brought on* by computers.

bring out

v adv

1) производить, выпускать (*ч.-л.*); [Т]1)2) высказывать (*мнение и т.п.*)

1) A competitor *brings out* a product that appeals to a broad new market.

2) When several people get together, it is easier to *bring out* good ideas.

bring up

v adv

1) поднимать (*вопрос*), ставить на рассмотрение; упоминать (*mention*): [T1]

2) = *to cause to arrive*: принести / доставить (*документы и т.п.*); подогнать (*машину*); вызвать подкрепление (*воен.*): [T]

3) *ср. BrE* воспитывать, растить (*детей*): [T1]

1) Why don't you *bring up* the issue of profit sharing at the Management Committee Meeting this afternoon?

• He who *brings up* such ideas will be popular with the politicians.

2) Ask the sales clerk *to bring up* the invoiced sales and order intake for the month.

• Stay here, and I'll *bring up* a cab.

• This is the only road on which they can *bring up* reinforcements. (pl воен. пополнение, подкрепление)

3) We were always on the move. It was one hell of a way *to bring* a child *up*, I can tell you.

bring up to

v adv prep

1) доводить до (*определенного кол-ва и т.п.*): [L1]

2) *bring up to date* – подтянуть, подвести к определенному временному уровню; (оп) проинформировать (*к-л.*) о современном состоянии дел, ввести в курс дела;

3) *bring up to standard/scratch/the mark* – приводить (*ч.-л. или к.-л.*) к определенному стандарту, уровню

1) China can likely double its present grain production by simply *bringing* its fertilizer rate of application *up to* world averages.

2) He went along to the manager's office *to bring him up to date* on the oil pipe market situation so far.

3) They are going *to bring* their devices *up to standard* for safety reasons.

brush aside/away

v adv

игнорировать, не замечать; [T]

• Mr. Davis *brushes aside* such skepticism.

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Brushing aside</i> patents is a big mistake.
<p>build into v prep сооружать, создавать (ч.-л. из ч.-л.); [T1 + into] превращать (ч.-л. во ч.-л.)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ford <i>built</i> the motor company <i>into</i> one of the largest and most profitable in the world. • He has <i>built</i> his company <i>into</i> the best positioned media player in one of the fastest-growing markets in the world.
<p>build on/upon v prep 1) рассчитывать на (ч.-л.); полагаться на (к.-л. или ч.-л.); [T1] 2) основывать (ч.-л. на чём-л.); [D1] 3) лежать в основе (ч.-л.) полагаться на (ч.-л.) в дальнейшем развитии: [T1]</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) With your help, we can <i>build on</i> our success. 2) Our relationship should be <i>built on</i> trust. 3) Competing with the other employees he will have to <i>build on</i> his previous experience in advertising.
<p>build up v adv 1) накапливать(ся), сосредоточивать(ся), наращивать(ся), укреплять(ся); [IØ (into, to)]</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Because banks are so financially shaky, any profits are funneled into <i>building up</i> provisions. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The IMF said that the US <i>had built up</i> unprecedented debts with the rest of the world. • A strong increase in credit card lending suggested consumers were not afraid to continue <i>building up</i> debt to finance spending. • The policy of the IMF includes very ambitious work on crisis prevention, <i>building up</i> through our work on transparency, vulnerability analysis, standards and codes etc.

2) создать (врез. нарациива-
тия)

1) (о деньгах) накапливать(ся);
скопичивать капитал; [10],
[Г1]

bump up

v adv

1) (infnl) увеличивать,
поднимать; [Г1]
2) be bumped up (infnl)
получать повышение по служ-
бе (часто незаслуженно)

• The debt had obviously *built up* over some time.

2) Lord H., who *built up* one of the world's leading industrial conglomerates through three decades of takeovers, is *to break it up* before he leaves the corporate stage.

1) They *bumped up* charges.

burn out

v adv

1) (о человеке, его способ-
ностях и т.п.) выдохаться,
перегорать; [Г1]
2) перегореть (о механизме
и т.п.)

1) You'll *burn yourself out* if you don't slow down.

2) Some people *are burned out* at 25; I'm alive at 35. Age is a state of mind and I'm defying it as well as I can.

burst with

v prep

быть переполненным (ч.-л.);
иметь (ч.-л.) в избытке; [Г1
(no pass., continuous tenses)]

India missed the industrial revolution, but it is *bursting with* entrepreneurs and intellectual capital.

buy back

v adv

покупать (проданное);
[Г1]

• And the US Fed has hinted in a recent paper that if deflation strikes, it will act swiftly *to buy back* lots of government debts.

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Its 500 bn cash pile is more than enough to <i>buy back</i> shares sold by Japan's distressed financial institutions.
<p>buy in v adv</p> <p>1) закупать впрок, запасать; [T1 + in]</p> <p>2) покупать акции</p> <p>3) выкупать (<i>свои собственные вещи</i>) на аукционе (often pass.); = bid in. [T1 (often pass.)]</p> <p>4) заплатить за свое вступление куда-л.; <i>скупать акции</i>; [T (to)]; Ø</p>	<p>1) The utilities had no money to <i>buy in</i> coal for the winter.</p> <p>2) If you want investors' money, you've got to give them good reasons to <i>buy in</i>.</p> <p>3) Now, however, it (the company) has had to pay heavily to <i>buy in</i> the outstanding 255 per cent.</p> <p>4) Getting a vote on the Board of Directors means <i>buying yourself in</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • German companies want to be part of this growth (go hunting for acquisitions) and so have been <i>buying in</i>. (<i>скупали акции</i>)
<p>buy into <i>infnl</i> поверить (<i>слухам и т.п.</i>)</p>	<p>Even the US did not <i>buy into</i> this story. (<i>не поверили</i>)</p>
<p>buy off v adv</p> <p><i>not fnl</i> откупаться (<i>от к.-л.</i>) [T]; (<i>also buy over</i>)</p>	<p>He has supposedly <i>bought off</i> enough central government officials to protect himself.</p>
<p>buy out v adv</p> <p>выкупать (<i>всё предприятие</i>) и становиться хозяином; [T1]</p>	<p>W.M. had been planning to <i>buy out</i> the company.</p>

buy up

v adv

1) выкупать (все предприятие) и становиться хозяином; (= *buy out*), [T1]

2) скупать, закупать впрок; [T1]

1) By *buying up* the Sidanko debt, Tyumen could wield greater influence in bankruptcy proceedings, and press to have the company dismembered.

2) He aims at *buying up* masterpieces of modern painting.

call at

v prep

приходить, заглядывать (куда-л.) ненадолго; [T1]

I'm going to *call at* the head office on my way home.

call back

v adv

перезвонить (к.-л.) по телефону; [T1]

I'll get on to our forwarding agents and *call you back*.

call for

v prep

требовать, нуждаться в ч.-л.; предусматривать (по плану); [T1]

To answer that question, a little historical perspective is *called for*.

call in

v adv

1) заходить, навещать, останавливаться ненадолго; [L9 + in (at)]

1) On the way to London he *called in* to see the buyer of a big chemical farm who had given him small orders in the past.

• If you want to buy these necessities *call in* at the corner shop on the way home.

2) приглашать, вызывать (специалиста, врача) для консультации; [T1]

2) An architect *was called in* to draw up the plans of an extension to the present factory.

3) потребовать возврата (ч.-л.); [T1]

3) Gold coins *have been called in* by the government.

• These banks were panicked into *calling in* overseas loans.

call off

v adv

- 1) отменять (*мероприятие*); [T1]
2) прекратить (*ч.-л.*); [T]

1) The planned merger between these banks has been *called off*.

2) We have not received any official document *to call off* the construction and deployment of a CDMA network in China.

call on/upon

v prep

1) нанести визит, посещать (*по делу*); [T1]

2) вызывать (*кого-л.*);

призывать (*к.-л.*) сделать *что-л.*; [T1 (for)]; [V3]

3) направлять (способности) для выполнения к.-л. цели; [T1]

[*if you call on/upon sth such as your strength, you summon it up and use it.*]

1) They *call on* their customers quite often.

• He will *call upon* you at 5 o'clock.

2) It also provoked the US government *to call on* the German government to ensure full transparency in the battle for control over VEAG.

• A number of lawmakers *called on* President to pressure the oil industry *to roll back* price increases.

• Before you *call on* the state, *look to* (*обращать внимание*) your own abilities.

call out

v adv

1) взывать к людям (*о помощи*); [T1]

2) *not fml* призывать (*рабочих*) к забастовке; [T1]

1) War is a crime against every child who *calls out* for food rather than for guns.

2) The trade union leader threatened *to call out* his men.

call upon/on

v prep

см. *call on*

Upset over these news, he *called upon* residents of Barbuda not to jeopardize the tourist industry by sensationalizing the incident.

cancel out

v adv

зачеркивать достигнутое;
нейтрализовать эффект;
сводить к нулевому результату; [Т1]

High prices at the market simply *cancel out* all that new purchasing power.

capitalize on

v prep

извлекать выгоду (из ч.-л.),
полностью использовать
(ч.-л.) для своей выгоды; [Т]

The company can *capitalize on* the popularity of its resorts.

carry away

v adv

1) захватывать, увлекать
(к.-л.); [Т]
2) (о чувстве, порыве)
охватывать; [Т (often pass.)]

1) But investors should not get *carried away*.
2) I was completely *carried away* by her idea of a new teaser campaign.

carry on

v adv

1) продолжать заниматься
(ч.-л.), вести (ч.-л.); [Т1]
2) *not fin!* продолжать(ся);
[Т4]
3) заниматься (чем-л.); вести
(дело)

1) You *carried on* spending into the new year and get yourself in more debt than you can manage.
• Consumers remained confident and *carried on* spending.
3) Four types of planning are *carried on* within modern companies – strategic, tactical, individual, and special project planning.

carry out

v adv

выполнять, осуществлять;
[Т1]

• If we *don't carry out* these reforms, our economy will go bankrupt.
• Planning is *carried out* at all levels.

carry through

v adv

1) пробить, провести, осуществить; сделать то, что запланировано; [T1]

2) продолжать существовать; [into]

1) Our investment strategy is *carried through* by a team of top-quality managers.

• Mr. N. agrees that he found difficult to *carry through* changes at more than century-old Ericsson which is notorious for its slow consensus-based style.

• Russia *carries through* a strong reform program.

2) It's an old tradition that *has carried through into* the information age.

carve out

v adv

добиваться (ч.-л.) упорным трудом; [T1]

• Many big global brands are *carving out* a niche for themselves in Russia.

• Within a decade the bank's dynamic expansion has enabled it to *carve out* a 3% share of the Greek market.

cash in

v adv

1) превращать в наличные (чек или документ и т.п.); [T1]

2) (I) *not fml* воспользоваться (ч.-л.) для своей выгоды, не упустить своего; [IØ + on]

3) заработать много денег на (чём-л.); получить прибыль за счёт (ч.-л.); (= to

1) We *cash in* the shares at the end of the year.

2) Companies seek to *cash in on* the extra spending the festive (Christmas) generates.

• They *cash in on* these careless customers. (*нажиться на к.-л.*)

• He did not invest enough of the *windfall* (*неожиданная удача, непредвиденный доход*) and *cash in on* one great success.

3) Already many life and health insurers are queuing up to *cash in on* the gradual privatization of state.

earn a lot of money at sth; to make a profit at sth

Pension and health care regimes around the world.

• When the stock was sold, she really *cash*ed in.

catch on

v adv

1) *not fml* становиться известным, модным и т. п.; [IØ]

2) *catch on with sb* – пользоваться успехом (популярностью) у к.-л.,

1) If the idea *catches on*, mobile-gaming firms could be among the competition's biggest winners.

• New ideas about offices are *catching on* elsewhere.

2) It could take years for such televisions to *catch on with* a significant portion of the population.

catch up

v adv

1) догнать (к.-л.); [T1], [IØ + (with)]

2) идти вровень с (к.-л. или ч.-л.); [T1], [IØ] (on, with, to)

1) They see tougher times ahead as rivals strive to *catch up*.

• *Catching up* is always easier than being the economic leader.

2) The demand for oil has *caught up to*, and overtaken, supply.

• The president finally realized he would never *catch up to* his younger rival.

• But their actions haven't *caught up with* their words.

• The official price index *caught up with* the actual price index.

• Their foreign sales are only just starting to *catch up with* domestic ones.

cater to

v prep

1) удовлетворять потребности (людей); [T1]

2) удовлетворять (требование); [T1]

1) We would always *cater to* the customer.

2) The publications *cater to* the local market.

chalk up

v adv not fml

записывать (ч.-л.) в чей-л. актив, относить (ч.-л.) к успехам (к.-л.);
выйти вперед; (напр. в конкурентной борьбе по к.-л. показателю); [Г1]

• Last year, the gaming industry *chalked up* revenues of \$6bn worldwide.

• They *are chalking up* record exports.

charge with

v prep

1) вменить (кому-л. в обязанность); возлагать (на к.-л. ответственность); давать поручение, [D] (often pass.), [V4b (often pass.)]

2) признать (к.-л.) к суду, объявляя виновным (в ч.-л.); [Г1 – with]

1) This company was *charged with* building and running the new high-speed link.

2) The police *charged* the chairman of the bank *with* embezzlement (*расхищение*) and illegal business practices.

check up

v adv

наводить справки (о ч.-л. или к.-л.), проверять (ч.-л. или к.-л.); [Ю (on)], [Г1]

• I'll get the Personnel Department *to check up* first how many weeks at full pay he's entitled to under the company sick-pay scheme.

• We decided *to check up on* what had been *going on*.

• I *checked up with* the local bank and they rated our new business partner as sound.

check with

спросить (к.-л. о ч.-л.), получить разрешение (у к.-л. сделать ч.-л.); проконсультироваться

They may also *check with* leading members of Congress.

chime in with

v adv prep

соглашаться с (чем-л.);

[T1 (no pass.)]

Others around the table may *chime in with* his opinions or experiences with the problem at hand.

churn out

v adv

not fml выпускать потоком;

[T1]

They have to *churn out* a rapid succession of hits. Otherwise, the share price drops, and the CEO *is out of job*.

clamp down on

v adv prep

взять (ч.-л.) под жесткий контроль; пресекать (ч.-л.);

[T1]

At the same time while increasing tax, the Chancellor has *clamped down on* spending.

claw back

v adv

1) забрать назад (*часть отданных денег*) косвенным путем; [T1]

1) The government also *clawed back* tax refunds granted to banks.

• In its efforts to *claw back* trading volume, the Amsterdam stock exchange asked *McK&Co* to make recommendations as to how the exchange should become more competitive.

2) *claw one's way back* (to) – с трудом достичь (прежнего уровня)

2) The drought's effects were so damaging that it will take at least another year until we can *claw out way back* just to the level of the previous year.

clean up

v adv

1) *not fml* очистить (ч.-л.) от нежелательных элементов;

[T1]

1) He has also *cleaned up* the investment bank's image which has been badly damaged by a series of investigations by securities regulators

2) *informal AmE* – получить большую прибыль; нажиться, приобрести состояние (не всегда законным путем); [Г1], [Ю]

• He also has helped *clean up* the extensive smuggling that irritated Spaniards and Gibraltarians alike.

2) After launching this product, the company *cleaned up*.

clear up

v adv

1) закончить (ч.-л.); [Г1]

2) найти ответ (на ч.-л.), прояснить (ч.-л.); [Г1]

1) At the end of the day John has *cleared up* some of his work.

2) They did little to *clear up* who controls the company.

clock in

v adv

not formal начинать работу, особ. в определенное время; регистрировать свой приход на работу; [Ю]

• When an employee arrives at a factory to start work the first thing he does is to *clock in*.

• Staff *clock in* for work.

clock up

v adv

not formal записывать (ч.-л.) в (чей-л.) актив, относить (ч.-л.) к успехам (к.-л.); [Г1]

By the time W. took control, it had already *clocked up* losses of \$60 m in six years.

close down

v adv

1) закрывать(ся) (о фабрике, магазине и т.п.); [Г1]

1) Mr. Morris at IRC said he believed the best remedy for Hanbo is to *close it down* and sell its assets. (Hanbo – a South Korean conglomerate)

• *Closing down* sales divisions is not in anybody's best interests.

• The factory *closed down* last year.

2) снижать стоимость акций в конце операции-

2) National Express shares *closed down* 8 5 p at 495 p.

ного дня на фондовой
бирже: [1]

come about

v adv

происходить, случаться,
возникать: [10]

• Technical change *comes about* for two main reasons

• This opportunity *came about* through a variety resources.

come along

v adv

1) случаться, происходить,
появляться: [10]

1) Mr. Scott *has come along* to tell us what his firm could do for us if we decided to have a productivity study made in the company.

• These opportunities just do not *come along* very often.

• And each new technological advance that might impinge on privacy has to be evaluated as it *comes along*.

2) How's the exhibition stand *coming along*?

2) (*also come on*) идти (о делах), делать успехи, преуспевать: [10 (often Continuous tenses)]

come along with

v adv prep

сопровождать, сопутствовать; идти вместе

Can the company weather the economic uncertainties that *come along with* doing business in South America?

come by

v prep

1) получать (ч.-з.), приобретать, добиваться: [11]

2) получать (ч.-з.), *обыкн.* случайно

1) But he said reliable statistics are hard to *come by*.

• He's now finding similar opportunities hard to *come by*.

come down

v adv

1) падать, уменьшаться, снижаться; [Ю]

2) быть разрушенным, выведенным из строя

1) Monthly inflation *came down* from a high of 9.4 per cent in January to 7.4 per cent last month.• The cost of a personal computer is also *coming down*.2) Borders and barriers are *coming down*: actions in one corner of the world will affect people around the globe.**come down to**

v adv prep

1) касаться (существа вопроса и т.п.); доходить до (дела и т.п.); [Т1]

2) сволиться (к чему-л.); [Т1 (по pass.)]

1) Whether it *comes down to* hiring, promoting or firing, family businesses pose special problems.2) The forty-five day planning cycle has now *come down to* a week.• In the long term, success *comes down to* building vehicles that customers can't *pass up* (упускать, не использовать шанс).**come forth**

v adv prep

1) выступать (с предложением и т.п.); (with)

2) появляться (на рынке труда)

1) At the conference he *came forth with* these proposals.2) Young workers will not *come forth* in sufficient numbers.**come forward (with)**

v adv prep

представить (ч.-л.) на рассмотрение; быть представленным на рассмотрение; [Ю]

• He *came forward with* a constructive plan.• Mr. F. insisted that the British government would have to *come forward with* new plans to control BSE before he could assess the scale of compensation.

come in

v adv

1) принимать участие, присоединяться; [Ю]

2) войти в дело в качестве партнёра; [Ю]

3) становиться модным, соответствующим времени года и т.п.; [Ю]

4) победить на выборах; [Ю]; прийти к власти;

5) поступать (о письмах, новостях, информации и т.п.);

появляться (как ожидается), прибывать

Упр.

6) (v + with) – выступать (с новыми идеями и т.п.)

7) наступать, начинаться, приходить; (о времени или погоде); [Ю]

come off

v adv

1) *not fulfil* происходить (по плану), состояться; [Ю]

1) "We *came in* to manage the company so that it continues to fly," he told Televisa news.

2) Since W. *came in*, things have been going from strength to strength.

• Tom's uncle set up this business ten years ago. Tom *came in* when he was 21.

3) The spring fashions *will be coming in* next month.

• When do strawberries *come in*?

• Long hair *came in* during the 1960s.

• Here is some information that might *come in useful* the next time you visit the Bank of England.

4) The Democrats *came in* in June of last year.

5) *Are* your royalties still *coming in* well?

• When the marketing report *came in*, it showed that there was a growing interest in box files.

• Here is some information that might *come in useful* (оказаться полезной) the next time you visit the Bank of England.

6) After they *have gone through* the data, they often *come in with* new ideas.

7) You feel such a fool letting the New Year *come in* without some sort of retrospective analysis.

1) If this attempt to merge *comes off*, it would be a big step forward.

2) *infnl* получиться, иметь успех, удаваться; [10]

come out

v adv

1) быть в итоге, составить сумму; [L9 + at, 10];

2) появляться; [10]

3) обнаруживаться, становиться ясным или известным; [10]

4) быть изданным, опубликованным, выходить в свет; [10]

5) объявлять забастовку, забастовать; [10]

6) показать себя, проявить себя; [L9]

1) Under the new draft earnings per share *came out* 3.38 p, whereas the present rules earnings would have been 1.58 p.

2) When the first color TVs *came out* in 1953, they cost about the same as a Chevy.

3) The government's next look at employment cost data *comes out* next month.

• That result *came out* during a survey of 33 Western firms.

4) His new book is expected *to come out* soon.

• Astra's first-quarter figures *come out* tomorrow.

5) Surprisingly, only 20 per cent of the work force *came out*.

• By comparison, over a million protesters *came out* in force for a similar day.

6) Mr. Blair also missed opportunity *to come out* firmly in favour of joining the single currency.

• Mr. S. maintains that the company will *come out* "clean as a whistle" (*разг.* очень ловко).

come out with

v adv prep

1) неожиданно сказать (ч.-л.), высказаться по к.-л. поводу; заявлять (о ч.-л.); [11]

1) Belgium's Sabena and several other airlines *have come out* with gloomy traffic reports and weak financial projections.

<p>2) предложить</p>	<p>2) We have to <i>come out</i> with more new products and we need to do it faster but some anecdotal reports may shed light on the trend well before then.</p>
<p>come over v adv 1) поменять позицию, точку зрения, подход, сторону (в процессе, споре): [IØ (to)] 2) доходить до сознания, быть понятным; [IØ]</p>	<p>1) He will never <i>come over</i> to our side.</p> <p>2) Some writers make management sound so important and demanding that it <i>comes over</i> as the sport of supermen.</p>
<p>come round v adv prep /around to = get round to 1) в конечном итоге выразить свое согласие; наконец согласиться с (ч.-л.); [T1] 2) поменять свое мнение, согласившись с мнением (к.-л.) другого</p>	<p>1) Democrats, meanwhile, <i>had been coming round</i> to the view that an early vote on Iraq might be the best way to prevent the issue dominating the campaign.</p> <p>2) They have <i>come round</i> to the idea that globalization is good.</p>
<p>come through v adv 1) прибывать по расписанию, прибывать как ожидалось; [IØ] 2) появляться; [IØ] 3) выпутаться из неприятного положения; [IØ (with)]</p>	<p>1) Unless Western loans <i>come through</i>, Russia will be forced to print even more roubles.</p> <p>2) Economic recovery and solid levels of business confidence have allowed more companies to <i>come through</i>.</p>
<p>come to v prep касаться (чего-л.); [T1 (no pass.)]</p>	<p>"We don't have control of our destiny when it <i>comes to</i> the merger process," Nixon says.</p>

when it comes to – когда дело касается; когда речь идёт о

come under

v prep
контролироваться (ч.-л. или к.-л.); чувствовать власть (ч.-л. или к.-л.); подпадать под влияние (ч.-л. или к.-л.); [Г1]

Every firm *comes under* a Board.

come up

v adv
1) возникать, появляться (в разговоре), быть упомянутым; (о проблемах) выдвигаться для обсуждения; [Ю]

2) неожиданно происходить, случаться: (о событии или ситуации, представляющими из себя проблему); [Ю]

3) подняться по общественной или служебной лестнице; [Ю]

1) His name's bound *to come up* if he's being dismissed.

• All kinds of different problems *come up*.

• Predictably, the question of editorial control *came up*.

2) Your Finance Director is supposed to attend the conference with you, but something important has *come up* and she can't.

3) Research has shown that top-level managers who *have come up* through the ranks show better results than those who were "imported", because know more about the company and about the overall industry in which it operates.

come up against

v adv prep
столкнуться (с трудностями, сопротивлением), натолкнуться (на трудности и т.п.); [Г1]

• You'll *come up against* difficulties at every step.

• By spreading into a wider range of logistics-related services they have started *to come up against* other outsourcers competing for

	<p>their share of the client's annual budget.</p>
<p>come up to v adv prep достигнуть (ч.-л.), сравняться (с ч.-л.); [Т1]</p>	<p>Bankruptcy <i>shuts down</i> the entire enterprise that is failing to <i>come up to</i> the standards of its competitors.</p>
<p>come up with v adv prep 1) придумывать (ч.-л.), обдумывать (ч.-л.); [Т1] 2) найти (ч.-л.) или поставлять, доставать, давать (оценку и т.п.)</p>	<p>1) They <i>came up with</i> a toothless system of self-audits.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Alarmed by the recent bout of thefts, the ministry of Transport last December asked the car industry to <i>come up with</i> a proposed improvements. • I started <i>looking into</i> the field of packaging and <i>came up with</i> a new adhesive coating for milk cartons. <p>2) Investors have promised to <i>come up with</i> the cash after the rocket launch takes place.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • It's the initial sum that is tough to <i>come up with</i>. • This week's issue of the Economist has <i>come up with</i> what may be the sharpest assessment of where our presidential election campaign stands at the moment.
<p>cook up v adv <i>inform</i> придумать, сострять, сфабриковать; [11]</p>	<p>He has vehemently denied the charges, saying they were <i>cooked up</i> by Prime Minister because he fears any challenge to his 17-year rule.</p>

<p>cool on v prep (амер. сленг) игнорировать (к.-л., ч.-л.); быть равнодуш- ным, не интересоваться</p>	<p>UK trade unions will <i>cool on</i> the euro unless the Government delivers more employment rights legislation.</p>
<p>cope with v prep <i>not fml</i> справляться с (ч.-л. или к.-л.); [L9 + with]</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The company is considering building a new factory to <i>cope with</i> rising demand. • Many of the developing nations have become very dependent on the developed nations for economic aid, assistance to <i>cope with</i> natural disasters such as floods.
<p>cough up v adv <i>informl</i> неохотно давать (деньги, информацию)</p>	<p>Last month, Deutsche had to <i>cough up</i> \$280 million to make good on losses in two mutual funds.</p>
<p>count for v prep стоять; иметь значение; [L9 + for]</p>	<p>In Russia, the world's biggest country, size has long <i>counted for</i> more than efficiency.</p>
<p>cover up v adv <i>not fml</i> спрятать, скрыть, прикрыть; [Г1а]</p>	<p>He made 30,000 unauthorized transactions while trying to <i>cover up</i> \$1.1bn in losses.</p>
<p>cow into v prep <i>cow someone into submission/silence</i> – запугиванием добиваться</p>	<p>Most of the government's critics have been either jailed, exiled or <i>cowed into silence</i>.</p>

послушания или покорности (*молчанием*)

cozy up to

v adv prep

AmE infml – стараться подружиться с (к.-л.) (возможно, надеясь получить для себя от этого к.-л. выгоду); [T1]

☞

• They recognized the vital importance of *cozying up to* the technology industry.

• France is to *cozy up to* other budget-challenged euro-zone countries.

• He favours rotating audit firms every five to seven years, for instance, to stop auditors *cozying up to* their clients.

crack down on

v adv prep

(*not fml*) = *clamp down on* взять (ч.-л.) под жесткий контроль; пресекать (ч.-л.); [T1]

☞

☞

• The President has pledged to *crack down on* corruption.

• The government *cracked down on* the groups who are believed to be accumulating weapons.

• They used army troops to *crack down on* demonstrators. (*разогнать*)

• They *cracked down on* crime and vandalism.

creep up

v adv

наступать постепенно; [Ю]

☞

• But wage arrears (*задержки по выплатам з/п*) have *crept up* again this year.

• The unemployment rate starts *creeping up*.

• The ratings (TV) are *creeping up*.

crop up

v adv

not fml возникать, неожиданно обнаруживаться; [Ю]

• Firms specializing in alternative products are beginning to *crop up* across Europe.

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Yet even in the Philippines which is attracting plenty of interest from foreign investors now that is economy finally seems back on track, problems <i>crop up</i>. • Even if European leaders manage to <i>clear some legislation out of the way</i> (<i>избавиться</i>), new rules could still <i>crop up</i>.
<p>cry out for v adv prep нуждаться в (ч.-л.); [T1]</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • This region is <i>crying out for</i> reliable airlines. • The situation <i>cries out for</i> a leader who will persuade Britons to accept once again the opportunity and challenge of the European Monetary Union.
<p>cut away (at) v adv урезать (<i>права и т.п.</i>)</p>	<p>Mr. C. has <i>cut away at</i> civil liberties in the name of fighting crime.</p>
<p>cut back v adv <i>not fml</i> сокращать, уменьшать (ч.-л.); [T1]; [(IØ) on]</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • U.S. Administration sharply <i>cut back</i> federal housing and other domestic programs. • <i>Cutting back</i> on staff will thus reduce costs. • Many companies have <i>cut back on</i> research and development, which will hurt in the future.
<p>cut down v adv <i>not fml</i> сокращать (ч.-л.), особ. в целях экономии; [T1]</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • We need to <i>cut down</i> our expenses. • If sales go down, we reduce stocks, which means <i>cutting down</i> purchases and, if necessary, we reduce personnel.

cut down on

v adv prep

not fin сокращать (обыкновенно по необходимости); [T1], [T4]

- This company *cut down on* pollution.
- The government *cut down on* educational expenditures.
- The company hasn't been able to *cut down on* staffing at its telephone-service center.

cut into

v prep

1) сказаться (на величине получаемой прибыли); повлиять в сторону уменьшения; начать резать (ч.-л.); [L9 + into]

2) перебивать (ч.-л.); [T1]

1) He argued that legalization would lower drug prices and *cut into* the profits of the cartels.

cut off

v adv

1) прекращать снабжение, отключать; [T1]

2) отрезать (к.-л. или ч.-л. от чего-л.), изолировать; [T1 (from)]

3) перебивать (к.-л. или ч.-л.), прерывать; [T1]

4) лишать (к.-л.) денежной поддержки, особ. наследства, особ. во фразе *cut someone off without a penny*; [T1]

1) The company threatened to *cut off* the electricity.

2) If a country chooses not to respect the decisions of WTO, it risks *cutting* itself *off* from the world economy.

3) Our telephone conversation was *cut off*.

4) They *cut* their son *off* without a penny.

cut out

v adv

1) *infin* прекращать (ч.-л. или делать ч.-л.), перестать, бросать (делать ч.-л.); [T1]

1) The new law will do a lot to *cut out* abuses (злоупотребления) by people who were just *scraping by* (еле-еле сводить концы с концами) before they went *broke* (разориться).

2) *not find* вытеснять (конкуренция или соперники); [T1]

3) *have one's work cut out* – *in/find* иметь много дел, работ, работы; работы по горло

4) *be cut out for/to be – not find* быть созданным для (профессии), подходить; иметь способности к (ч.-л.)

• We have halved our costs and completely *cut out* paperwork for our customer.

2) These companies (brewers) are *cutting out* the middleman. They have begun shipping beer directly from their breweries to some large retailers. But distributors aren't happy about being *cut out* of the loop (цикл).

3) He appears still to *have his work cut out for him*.

4) My friend was *not cut out for* leadership (to be a leader).

damp down

v adv

уменьшать(ся); [IØ]

• They discussed the ways of *damping down* inflation.

• Reductions in demand will *damp down* wage movements.

deal with

v prep

1) иметь дело (с ч.-л. или к.-л.); управляться; заниматься (ч.-л.); [T1]

2) касаться (ч.-л.), рассматривать (тему); [T1]

3) общаться с (к.-л.); [T1 (no pass.)]

1) Management *deals with* establishing objectives and then seeing that they are met through others.

• Efficiency *deals with* the ratio between input and output.

2) One of the best strategies for *dealing with* the uncertainty is to have available all relevant information in its most up-to-date form.

3) You can't refuse to *deal with* this customer.

dip off

v adv

падать, понижаться (о цене и т.п.), особ. на короткое время

The main UK indices *dipped off* in the last few minutes of the afternoon.

dish out

v adv

1) *infmt* раздавать (ч.-з.); [T1]

2) *infmt derog.* давать (ч.-з.) направо и налево; [T1]

1) Last year an estimated \$500 million was *dished out* in bonuses to City Bankers.

2) The British Academy *dishes out* research funds for the arts, humanities and social sciences.

divvy up

v adv

infmt разделить (деньги); [T1]

These companies are *divvying up* the profits.

do away with

v adv prep

избавляться (от ч.-л.), отменять (ч.-л.); [T1]

• Hard manual labour must be *done away with* in these enterprises.

• The method was *done away with* many years ago.

do badly

v adv

терпеть неудачи, испытывать трудности; [L9 + badly]

"We're *putting around* (лететь к лучшему), and being a privately owned company with a good cash position let us *do badly* now and then in pursuit of what we see as the right path," P. adds.

do up

v adv

infmt ремонтировать (дом, одежду и т.п.); [T1]

• They spent money on *doing* the houses *up* and putting in decent plumbing and sanitation.

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • I also enjoy <i>doing</i> places up (place – имение, загородный дом)
<p>do well v adv преуспевать, процветать, хорошо проявлять себя</p>	<p>When companies aren't <i>doing well</i>, they should cut the pay and benefits of the top management first.</p>
<p>do with v prep 1) найти применение (челу-л.); [what – L9 + with (simple tenses)] 2) удовлетворяться (ч.-л. или к.-л.); обходиться (ч.-л. или к.-л.); [T1 (no pass., inf.)] 3) нуждаться в (ч.-л. или к.-л.); не помешало бы, не повредило бы; [can + T1 (no pass.)] 4) <i>be/have to do with</i> – иметь связь (с ч.-л. или к.-л.); иметь отношение к; касаться (ч.-л. или к.-л.)</p>	<p>1) What does ethics have to <i>do with</i> business?</p> <p>2) They will have to <i>do with</i> other retailers.</p> <p>3) We <i>can do with</i> more spontancity and creativity.</p> <p>4) Learning English <i>has</i> less and less to <i>do with</i> wanting to talk to the British or the American and more and more to <i>do with</i> talking to one another.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Opposition claimed that the move <i>had more to do with</i> Mr. H.'s enhancing (повышать) his leadership appeal (прилекательность) than extending privatization. • Argentina's problems <i>have nothing to do with</i> IMF (International Monetary Fund).
<p>dole out v adv <i>not finl</i> оказывать благотворительную помощь (день-</p>	<p>The vending machine trade group contends that automated product</p>

гамм или продуктами);
[T1 (to)]

dispensers can *trace their roots back* at least 2,000 years, to devices that *doled out* holy water in the temples of Egypt.

draw back

v adv

отступать; [IØ (from)]

Mr. Ch. said in a speech at Harvard University that if Congress cut the foreign affairs budget so deeply the USA would have to *draw back from* its leadership.

draw on/upon

v prep

1) использовать (деньги, мысли и т.п.); [I1]

2) брать (деньги у к.-л. или со счета); [D1]

1) These change *drew on* all motivators.

2) These countries can get access to large lines of credit that they can *draw on* as needed.

draw out

v adv

1) брать (деньги) с банковского счета; [T1]

2) увеличивать, затягивать (ч.-л.); [T1]

1) One old steady customer *drew all* his money *out* without giving any warning.

• But I notice from the bank statement that the amount paid in is less than the amount *drawn out*.

2) The process will be long and *drawn out*.

draw up

v adv

составить, подготовить, написать (ч.-л.); [T1]

• The company said it was *drawing up* a new restructuring plan.

• Attention will now focus on *drawing up* international standards for these accounts.

drive down

v adv

снижать, сокращать (*затраты и т.п.*); [Г1]

They are forming a company that intends to build power plants in an effort to *drive down* costs and speed construction time.

drive up

v adv

повышать, увеличивать (*затраты и т.п.*); [Г1]

- Banks are *driving up* the cost of loans.
- The juicy packages Deutsch Bank has used to lure new talent are *driving up* costs for the entire industry.

drop by

v adv

not fml наносить короткий дружеский визит, часто без предупреждения; [10]

Every week, for seven years straight, a sales representative has *dropped by* her shop to find out her needs.

drop in

v adv

not fml заходить, заглядывать; [10 (оп)]

They crisscrossed the US, *dropping in on* hundreds of dealers to give pep talks. (*pep – бодрость духа, энергия*)

drop off

v adv

1) становиться реже или меньше, уменьшаться; [10]
 2) *not fml* покидать, оставлять (*ч.-л. или к.-л.*) где-л.; выходить из автомобиля и т.п.; [Г1], [10]

1) Sales tend to *drop off* during the summer.

2) The driver was spotted *dropping her off* at her dormitory.

- On the first day of each year, when the buses arrive to *drop off* the kids at school, the headmaster greets each one by name as they get off the bus.

drum up

v adv

informal пытаться получить (чел. л.), завладеть (чел. л.) путем шумной рекламы; [Г]а

• Meanwhile, L.H. of Samsung continues to fly around the world trying to *drum up* business.

• Greenpeace anti-nuclear campaigners have gathered signatures for their petition to *drum up* support for their campaign to have the plant *shut down*.

• He *drums up* tool donations from companies.

dry up

v adv

прекращаться, исчезать; [Ю]

• Their share of the European market is increasing as opportunities in their domestic market *dry up*.

• But they have utterly failed to weaken Mr. Saddam or *to dry up* his sources of funding.

• Invitations *dried up*.

ebb away

v adv

ослабевать, угасать; сходить на нет; [Ю]

• Over four months you could see the discipline *ebbing away*.

• Mr. Ch.'s popularity has *ebbed* slightly after record-high ratings.

edge down

v adv

понижаться, уменьшаться (медленно, постепенно)

The shares *edged down* 1/2p at 57 p, valuing the company at \$101.3 m.

edge up

v adv

возрастать, увеличиваться, расти (медленно, постепенно)

• Shares *edged up* in expectations that the Kashmir border issue will soon be resolved, with cement and power issues leading the rise.

• International prices of coffee (the traditional bulwark of the Colombian economy) have begun to *edge up*.

eke out

v adv

1) исполнять (ч.-л.), добавляя к (ч.-л.); пополнять (недостаток средств); перебиваться; [Г1]

2) *to eke out a living* – перебиваться кое-как; *eke* (диал.)

1) They try to *eke out* a profit by selling advertising.

2) Local officials estimate that at least 30 000 people *eke out* an existence (*взламывают жалкое существование*) in Jakarta's increasingly squalid streets.
(*squalid* – убогий, заброшенный, трущобного вида)

embark on/upon

v prep

начинать (ч.-л. новое или трудное); [Г1]

• Unfortunately, this logical first step, the determination of needs, is very often overlooked by those who are *embarking on* dealing with human resources.

• I was glad the subject had been *embarked upon*. (*занятым делом*)

• The company had *embarked on* a plan to cut a third of its capacity.

end up

v adv

1) *not finl* заканчиваться (карьеру и т.п.) кем-л.; становиться (к.-л.); [L1 (as) (simple tenses)]

2) *not finl* завершаться, кончаться чем-л.; получать ч.-л в конце (*то, чего вы не ожидали*); [L4 (by) (simple tenses)]

1) He began his working life as a lawyer and *ended up* as the president of his country.

2) After you have paid 25 or 30 times earnings for the company, you may still *end up* paying and paying again to keep its assets.

• These companies may *end up* losing.

3) *not fin!* завершаться (нежелательным результатом); плохо кончить; [L9 (in) (simple tenses)], [X9 (in) (simple tenses)]

4) *not fin!* завершаться (цел.-л.), получать (ч.-л.) в конце; [L9 (with) (simple tenses)]

5) *not fin!* оказаться (где-л.), обыкновенно случайно, особенно после определенного периода времени или события; [L9 (at, in, on)]

3) Original pieces of furniture, paintings and sculptures have *ended up* in private hands abroad.

4) They *end up* with a far bigger debt than intended

• What the city has *ended up with* is a taxi industry more confused and roguish (жуликоватый) than the one they began with.

5) The visitors took the wrong way and *ended up* at a wrong hotel.

eye up

v adv

пристально рассматривать, разглядывать (к.-л. или ч.-л.); [T1]

A number of companies *are eyeing up* the opportunity.

face a tough sell

infin! столкнуться с давлением с чьей-л. стороны

Get the hard sell – to receive considerable pressure to buy or accept sth. *Give sb the hard sell* = to put pressure on sb to buy or accept sth

The government is *facing a tough sell* as it tries to win support for its two-week-old economic recovery package from business, investors and voters.

face up to

v adv prep

смело встретить (ч.-л.); быть готовым к (ч.-л. трудному или болезненному); [T1]

• He *faced up to* even greater challenges.

• We have *faced up to* reality, have looked at some pretty bleak scenarios, and have decided what we need to do.

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • He didn't want to <i>face up to</i> this information. • He <i>faces up to</i> three years in jail.
<p>fade away v adv <i>not final</i> медленно или незаметно исчезать; спокойно расходиться; [10]</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mr. G. notes: "Mines don't close, they just <i>fade away</i>." • Yet when the dollar is strong and stable, jobs in less productive areas <i>fade away</i> and jobs in more productive areas multiply.
<p>fall apart v adv 1) <i>not final</i> окончиться неудачей, развалиться; [10]</p> <p>2) прекратить отношения: [10]</p> <p>3) <i>to fall apart at the seams</i> = <i>to fall apart</i> = <i>to break into pieces</i> (<i>seam</i> – шов)</p>	<p>1) But the Anglo-German deal <i>fell apart</i>, leaving NASDAQ without a European partner and gaping hole in its global strategy.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The most obvious way to prevent the whole thing (the EC) <i>falling apart</i> is to centralize and harmonize policymaking within the European Community. <p>2) The deal comes more than a year after previous discussions between the two companies <i>fell apart</i> over a disagreement about price.</p> <p>3) Zimbabwe's economy <i>falls apart at the seams</i>.</p>
<p>fall away v adv уменьшаться, ослабевать, исчезать; [10]</p>	<p>The idea of Japan as some sort of overwhelming economic threat just <i>falls away</i>.</p>

fall back

v adv

отставать; терять достигну-
тые позиции; терять темп;
понижаться; [10]

• The shares soared to a record
115.64 on April 13. Even though they
have fallen back since then, Dixon's
shares have risen a whopping 128 %
since the launch of Freeserve Gold and
energy stocks *fell back* but the broad
tone was upbeat and at midsession the
300 composite index was up 88.80 at
10.115.70.

• BP ran into profit-taking and *fell
back* 12 to 634 1/2p.

• Alitalia *fell back* into the red for
the first half of the year and its planned
privatization is on hold.

• Agilent went public in November
and rose to \$162 before *falling back*
amid the market turmoil in the spring.

fall behind

v adv

1) отставать от (чел или к-
л.): терять темп; передви-
нуться на позицию ниже
или стадии остальных; [10]

2) становиться хуже; терять
качество; не справляясь;
[10]

3) запоздать, напр., с
платежами; [10 (with)]

1) The project *fell behind* schedule.

• Our R&D has *fallen behind*. There
is still a wide technology gap between
Korea and Europe.

2) The government has signaled its
willingness to go easy on industrial
companies that have *fallen behind on*
tax payments.

3) The firm has *fallen behind with*
paying out to customers.

fall in

v adv

not fml рухнуть; [10]

Food prices *fell in* this week. (*про-
изошел обвал цен*)

<p>fall in with v adv prep присоединиться к (ч.-л. <i>идее</i>) или согласиться с (к.-л.); [T1]</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The manager <i>falls in with</i> his co-workers on the point. • He <i>fell in with</i> my views at once.
<p>fall off v adv 1) уменьшаться, ослабевать; сокращаться; [IØ] 2) ухудшаться, становиться хуже; [IØ]</p>	<p>1) Stock prices have <i>fallen off</i> in the last couple of days.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Efforts will be made to draw United States investment, which has <i>fallen off</i> in the past two years. <p>2) His general academic attainments (at school) were <i>falling off</i>.</p>
<p>fall out v adv 1) падать, опускаться; [IØ] 2) <i>not fml</i> ссориться (с к.-л.); [IØ (over, with)]</p>	<p>1) These houses are <i>falling out</i> of favour. (<i>не пользоваться спросом, популярностью</i>)</p> <p>2) The president might <i>fall out</i> with the mighty clans who put him in power.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • He has always been cautious where the president is concerned, but now he is not afraid of <i>falling out with</i> him.
<p>fall over oneself /each other <i>not fml</i> всячески стараться; из кожи лезть вон</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • They are <i>falling over themselves</i> (= to try very hard) to produce reports on the issue. • State-controlled television stations have <i>fallen over themselves</i> to praise the president during their nightly news broadcasts. • They are <i>falling over themselves</i> to up ratings.

fall through

v adv

1) не быть завершённым; не состояться; [10]

2) остаться неосуществлённым (об обещаниях и т.п.)

1) In desperation, Mr. Iacocca tried to arrange a merger with Italy's Fiat, but after months of tortuous negotiation the deal *fell through* in July.2) So far all pledges (обещания) of help have *fallen through*.**feed through**

v adv prep

оказывать влияние на (ч.-л.); [T1]

The alarm should sound only if a sustained oil shock were to *feed through* into wages and general inflation.**feed up**

v adv

be fed up with – *infml* быть в плохом настроении; быть сытым по горло (чем-л. или к.-л.); надоело• I just suddenly *got fed up with* H.G.'s old-fashioned outlook and I resigned.• I think I *was really fed up with* just being a big-company person, where if I was *run over* by a bus tomorrow, it wouldn't really *make any difference*.**fend off**

v adv

1) не подпускать, отгонять (ч.-л. или к.-л.); отражать (нападение и т.п.); [T1]

2) не допускать; отгонять; парировать; [T1]

1) The agreement will help Navigation Mixte *fend off* potential riders.2) G.A. appeared before the Senate to *fend off* accusations of links with Mafia.• By lowering prices on some meals this company is trying to *fend off* cut-price rivals.

• Ashanti (Africa's gold producer) has been forced to curtail its expansion plans in recent years and is now

3) (по)мешать (к.-л. сделать ч.-л.); [T1 (from)]

consumed (поглощен, занят тем, чем) by fending off demands for more than \$200 million from financial institutions.

fight back

v adv

отражать атаку, сопротивляться; отвечать на удар; [L9 + back]

They fought back against aggressive advertising campaign.

figure in/into

v adv

AmE not fml включать (ч.-л. или к.-л. куда-л.); [T1]

They have figured in the cost of entertainment program.

figure out

v adv

1) exp. AmE not fml подсчитывать, считать (ч.-л.); [T1]

1) The manager has figured out last year's losses.

• An increasing number of these factories are in China. Mr. M.H. has that figured out, too: He has 36 offices in China, which generated about 30% of revenue of \$95 million.

2) exp. AmE not fml с трудом понимать, осознать, постигать (ч.-л.); [T1]

2) It did not take a genius (не нужно быть семи пядей во лбу) to figure out in advance that last week was going to be a tough one for the Swiss banks.

find oneself

v pron

оказаться, очутиться (кем-л. или где-л.); очутиться (в к.-л. положении); стать (к.-л.);

Find oneself up against –

• He found himself up against a powerful opposition.

• Placing an order for instrument charts should be the easiest of jobs for any buying department – but all too

<p>сталкиваться с (проблемами и т.п.)</p>	<p>often the buyer <i>finds himself</i> up against a number of problems.</p>
<p>fit in with v adv prep соответствовать, подходить, согласовываться; [Г1]</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • My holiday arrangements must <i>fit in with</i> yours. • No one asked how Russia politically <i>fit in with</i> (<i>встраиваемся</i>) emerging markets around the world. • It soon became clear W. did not <i>fit (in) with</i> EMI's corporate culture. • The project <i>fits in with</i> the efforts by J.W. to galvanise the company around e-commerce on a global scale over the next 12 months.
<p>fit into/in v prep соответствовать, подходить; [Г1]</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The company's success at home and abroad, and its mixture of tradition and efficiency, <i>fit nicely into</i> his (the Prime Minister's) dream of a classless, prosperous Europe-oriented Britain. • You've got to evaluate yourself to see where you <i>fit in</i>. • It will not be easy to <i>fit</i> Russia <i>into</i> the rich world.
<p>fit round v prep приспосабливать (ч.-л.) к (ч.-л.); [X9 + round]</p>	<p>The service has to <i>fit round</i> the individual, not the other way round. (<i>удовлетворять запросы</i>)</p>
<p>forge ahead v adv уверенно и неуклонно продвигаться вперед; [1Ø (usu. continuous tenses)]</p>	<p>The European Union's 15 leaders yesterday reached broad agreement on making conditions easier for small</p>

<p>force up v adv повышать, взвинчивать (ч.-л. напр., цены), [Т1]</p>	<p>groups of member countries wishing to <i>forge ahead</i> with integration in specific areas.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • But any supply restrictions that <i>force</i> the price <i>up</i> will only encourage more production and within a few years that cycle <i>will turn down</i> again. • A worker shortage could also <i>force up</i> wages and fan inflation.
<p>fork out/over/up v adv <i>informal</i> раскошелиться; [Г1]; [Ю]; выложить большую сумму денег</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Norway's government <i>forked out</i> \$4 bn of taxpayers' money to nationalize the biggest banks. • After all, a small retailer might be unwilling to <i>fork out</i> for an independent test to ensure his product meets the rules. • He has just <i>forked out</i> all the money for the car.
<p>fritter away v adv <i>not formal</i> растрачивать (время или деньги), [Т1]</p>	<p>To make sure his employees didn't <i>fritter</i> their money <i>away</i>, Ford created the Sociological department.</p>
<p>gain on/upon v prep (в бизнесе и т.п.) обходить, опередить; выиграть у (конкурентов); [Т1 (pass. rare)]</p>	<p>Each capitalist discovers that he can temporarily <i>gain on</i> his competitors by introducing more productive instruments.</p>

gang up

v adv

not fml организовать группу; [IØ (against/ on/ with)]

The convention was shelved, however, when OECD countries *ganged up on* it.

gear up

v adv

1) ускорять движение, увеличивать скорость; набирать обороты, активизировать свою деятельность

1) The enemies of reform were *gearing up*.

- The company is *gearing up* from its № 3 position.

- The Saudi banks are *gearing up* for more business in this area.

2) подготавливать ч.-я. (*напр. оборудование*) к увеличению или улучшению выпуска продукции; [T1], [IØ]

2) Singapore Telecom is also *gearing up* for competition, pouring millions of dollars into the expansion and improvement of its cellular networks and reducing prices.

gear (oneself) up – подготавливаться

- Advertisers and their agencies must *gear themselves up* for these changes, many are already doing so.

3) готовить (ч.-я. или к.-я. для чего-я.); [T1] (often pass.)

3) The management of KamAZ, Russia's perennially (*всегда, постоянно*) troubled truckmaker that is a stone's throw from bankruptcy, is *gearing up* for a crucial meeting at which shareholders will be asked to approve the new policy.

get ahead

v adv

преуспевать; быть впереди, особ. во время соревнования; добиваться успеха; [IØ (of)], [T1b]

- It's hard to *get ahead* in this line of business.

- I'd like to help women who are trying to *get ahead*.

- Efficient work will *get you ahead*.

get ahead of

v adv prep

обогнать (*соперников, конкурентов и т.п.*);

[T1], [D1]

- They seek to *get ahead of* their competitors
- "I wish the rumours would stop *getting ahead of* the facts," he says.
- Only efficient work can *get you ahead of* your rivals.

get along

v adv

1) *not find* уходить; уезжать; убираться; [IØ]

2) продвигаться, делать успехи; справиться с делом; [L9 (with)]

3) ладить, быть в дружеских отношениях (*с к.-л.*); [IØ (well) (with)]

4) пережить, продержаться; обходиться; [L9 (with, without)]

- 1) I must be *getting along* now.
- 2) How's your work *getting along*?
 - On the other hand, you really need computers to *get along*.
 - How he *gets along with* his work is his own responsibility.
- 3) He couldn't *get along with* the company's top management and faced resistance to change from within the organization.
 - He is the person I don't *get along with*.
- 4) We can't *get along* without this credit.

get around /round

v adv

1) распространяться (*о новостях и т.п.*); [IØ (often continuous tenses)]

2) убедить, уговорить к.-л. [Γ1 (to) (usu. simple tenses)]

- 1) But word has *got around* that he doesn't want to meet with journalists.
- 2) They *got him round* to these proposals.

get around /round

v prep

обходить (*препятствия, закон и т.п.*); обходиться без (*к.-л.*): [Γ1]

- Agencies have developed strategies for *getting around* possible budget cuts.

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To <i>get around</i> that problem, he said that he will invest in an Italian manufacturer to make his goods. • For some types of e-commerce, there's no getting around the law.
<p>get away from v adv prep избегать; не обращать внимания на (ч.-л. неприятное). [T] (pass. rare, usu. neg.)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • There's no <i>getting away from</i> this crisis. • I can't <i>get away from</i> this feeling.
<p>get away with v adv prep 1) сделать (ч.-л.) безнаказанно; преуспеть (в обмане). [T1]</p> <p>2) улизнуть, ускользнуть от наказания за (ч.-л. дурное). [T1]</p> <p>3) отделаться менее строгим наказанием. [T1]</p> <p>4) <i>get away with murder</i> – остаться безнаказанным за серьезный проступок, правонарушение; выйти сухим из воды</p>	<p>1) Specialists also say the days when expats could safely <i>get away with</i> not paying taxes are over.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • They could do what they wanted and <i>get away with</i> it. <p>2) In no Western country could law enforcement officials <i>get away with</i> the number mistakes made.</p> <p>3) He <i>got away with</i> a mere 3 years in prison.</p> <p>4) They all (Italy, Belgium, Greece) had bankrupt state finances, but as long as they controlled panic and kept domestic savings at home, they could <i>get away with murder</i>.</p>
<p>get by v adv продержаться, прожить, обходиться; [IØ (on, with)]</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • They <i>got by</i> only on their stipends. • So far we are <i>getting by</i> without foreign credits. • We have worries about our economy; we need more jobs and many people just struggle to <i>get by</i>. • In the past you could <i>get by with</i> good products and adequate service

	<p>because it wasn't easy for customers to do side-by-side comparisons of products, of prices, of policies.</p>
<p>get carried away v adv быть увлеченным; находиться под воздействием эмоций (<i>в момент размышления или действия</i>); [Т1]</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • But investors should not <i>get carried away</i>. • Just make sure that you do not <i>get carried away</i> and do something you could end up regretting. • They <i>got carried away</i> with criticizing the media.
<p>get down to v adv prep серьезно заняться (<i>ч.-л.</i>) (<i>напр. работой</i>), приступить к (<i>ч.-л.</i>), приняться за (<i>ч.-л.</i>); засесть (<i>за учение и т.п.</i>); [Т1], [Т4]</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • I must <i>get down to</i> that report. • It's time we <i>got down to</i> advertising this soft drink.
<p>get going v adj <i>not finl</i> делать(ся) действующим, работающим и т.п.; [10]</p>	<p>The economy stalls (<i>останавливаться</i>; <i>заstopориваться</i>) and takes a painful time to <i>get going</i> again.</p>
<p>get on v adv 1) <i>not finl</i> поторопиться (<i>с ч.-л.</i>); [10 (with)] 2) продолжать (<i>ч.-л., напр., работу</i>) после перерыва; [10 (with)] 3) продвигаться вперед, делать успехи; [L9 (with) (often continuous tenses)]</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) I must <i>be getting on</i> now, or I'll be late for business. 2) Let's <i>get on</i>. The next item on the agenda is a recommendation that we buy two lorries for the Transport Department. 3) How's she <i>getting on</i> with this new product?

4) связаться с (к.-л.) (особ. по телефону)

5) (о времени) идти: (о людях) стареть; (о чём-л. ещё) продвигаться, приближаться; [IØ (for) (often continuous tenses)]

6) ладить, подружиться (с к.-л.); [IØ (WELL) (with)]

4) I'll *get on to* our forwarding agents and call you back.

5) Now, time's *getting on*.

6) He was violating the second rule of the two rules for *getting on well* with people that speak Spanish: give the men tobacco and leave women alone.

get on with

v adv prep

1) продвигаться вперед, преуспеть (в работе и т.п.); [T1 (continuous tenses)]

2) продолжать (ч.-л.) [(напр. работу), часто после перерыва или несмотря на трудности]; [T1]

3) ладить, дружить с (к.-л.); [T1]

4) *let someone get on with it* – *infnl* для меня не имеет значения, что делают (делают) другие

1) How is the government *getting on with* this new law?

2) In spite of going bankrupt they get on with their lives.

- They have difficulty in *getting on with* their everyday lives.

- They must *get on with* the painful task of cutting government spending.

- These events increased their determination to *get on with* their own economic reforms.

3) They *get on splendidly* with each other.

4) War is a miserable business. *Let's get on with it*.

get over

v prep

1) справляться с (чувством, трудностями и т.п.); преодолевать; [T1] – *get sth*

1) *Getting on with life* (преуспевать в жизни, несмотря на трудности) helps *get over* the pain.

over with; to complete sth, especially sth you have dreaded; also with "have";
2) поправляться, приходить в себя; вновь обретать успех и т.п.; [Г1]
3) *not /ml* переносить; свикаться с мыслью; приходить в себя (*после шока*); [Г1 (no pass. usu. neg.)]

• I'd like to see the dealers *get this crisis over with* quickly.

2) A shock after bankruptcy isn't easily *got over*.

3) He couldn't *get over* his financial losses.

get round

v adv

(о новостях и т.п.) распространяться;
[1Ø (often continuous tenses)]

Rumours have been *getting round* concerning oil prices.

get round

v prep

обходить (*препятствие, закон и т.п.*); обходиться без (к.-л.); [Г1]

• You can sometimes *get round* tax laws.

• A clever lawyer may find ways of *getting round* that clause.

• This is the way of *getting round* problems of the kind GM experienced some years ago.

get round to

v adv prep

вернуться к (к.-л.) после перерыва; [Г1]

This company was only just *getting round to* being a dedicated media company.

get through

v adv

1) связаться с (к.-л.) по телефону и т.п.; [1Ø (to)]
2) закончить, завершить работу; [1Ø], [Г1b]

1) I'm going to *get through to* the Sales manager.

2) Corporate headquarters is looking at a standard company policy on exempt

salary communication, but whether they are going to *get it through* or not is another question.

get through

v prep

выживать, выдерживать
(*трудные времена*); [Г1]

• Each Albanian family needs 40 kg of flour, a large bag of beans and some cooking oil. That will *get them through* until the harvest in July.

• This bizarre (*странный*) system did not in fact *get through* the 1990s wholly free from assault (*нападки, резкие выступления против*).

give in to

v adv prep

1) уступать, сдаваться,
поддаваться (*к.-л или ч.-л.*);
[Ø + to]

1) He flatly refused to *give in to* demands for tax cuts.

• He *gave in to* their wage demands.

• US officials *gave in to* the French insistence that specific tasks be identified in advance.

2) подавать, вручать (*ч.-л. кому-л.*); возвращать
(*ч.-л. кому-л.*); [Г1 + to]

2) In case of substantial losses they are to *give* their resignation *in to* the Board of Directors.

give to

v prep

give way to – сменяться
(*кем-л. или чем-л.*)

• She has seen rotary phones *give way to* push-button models to cordless and cellular phones in people's cars and pockets.

• Limp (*слабый, вялый*) handshakes have *given way to* warm embraces.

give up

v adv

1) отказываться от (*ч.-л.*);
оставлять (*ч.-л. или к.-л.*);

1) They *gave up* their ownership rights.

избавляться от (ч.-л.);
обходиться без (ч.-л.); [Г1]

2) бросать (занятия, рабо-
ту и т.п.); [Г1]

3) оставить попытки (сде-
лать ч.-л.), сдаться; [Г0],
[Г1], [Г4]

4) прекратить отношения с
(к.-л.); [Г1]

5) *infnl* перестать верить в
(к.-л.); разочаровываться в
(к.-л.); [Г1]

6) отказываться от (к.-л.),
признать (к.-л.) безнадеж-
ным, махнуть рукой на (к.-
л.), поставить на (к.-л.)
крест; [Г1]

go about

v prep

1) начать (ч.-л.), делать (ч.-
л.); [Г1], [Г4]

• The dollar also *gave up* recent gains against the pound, yen and Australian dollar.

• I should *give up on* one A-level exam. (*не сдавать*)

2) Mr. M had agreed *to give up* the chairmanship at the annual meeting next year, while remaining as chief executive.

3) *I've given up* buying imports, because they've far too expensive, and not worth the price.

• International inspectors have *given up on* getting North Korea to cooperate.

4) He will never *give up* his old friends.

5) Myself, I'm not very much involved in politics although I do have definite feelings. I have kind of *given up on* any system being able to work for the good of humanity.

6) Your organization would soon be history if two-thirds of your customers *gave up on* you because your competitors gave them better service.

1) He had a meeting with a personnel manager on how *to go about* replacing another manager forced to retire because of ill-health.

• So, how are we going to *go about* deciding the precise content of the accounts we prepare?

• We are now ready to *go about* getting the software we need.

2) **делать, выполнять** (*напр. работу*); [T I (no pass.)]

2) In management methods, too, the Europeans *go about* it differently.

• Aside from the isolated incidents on Tiananmen Square Tuesday, the anniversary passed quietly. The vast majority of Chinese people *went about* their business; some said they had forgotten that it was the anniversary of the *crackdown* (*жесточкого разгона демонстрации*).

go after

v prep

not fml пытаться добиться (ч.-л. или к.-л.), домогаться (ч.-л. или к.-л.); [T I (no pass.)]

The candidate is *going after* a position of a sales representative.

go ahead

v adv

1) продолжать (ч.-л.); [I Ø (with)]

1) However, a deal could *go ahead* only if they were convinced it would be of value to shareholders.

• The company should *go ahead with* the plan.

• We are hopeful that the terms of the final decisions will allow us to *go ahead with* the project.

2) улучшаться, продвигаться; [I Ø (often continuous tenses)]

2) Initially, we have a feeling that things are not *going ahead* in a positive direction.

go along with

v adv prep

соглашаться с (к.-л. или ч.-л.); [I']

• He won't have any choice but to *go along with* the terms.

• BP Amoco is trying to salvage its investment by getting creditors *to go along with* a debt restructuring that would take Sidanko out of bankruptcy.

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • He could not <i>go along with</i> their opposition to German reunification.
<p>go by v prep руководствоваться (ч.-л., указывающим направление); [T1 (no pass.)]</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • I shall <i>go entirely by</i> what my solicitor says. • As you know, they will <i>go very much by</i> my recommendation.
<p>go down v adv 1) опускаться, снижаться, уменьшаться; [Ø] 2) быть принятым, особ. с одобрением; правиться (к.-л.); [L9 (WELL, with)] 3) быть отмеченным, записанным; [L9 (in)]</p>	<p>1) We expect oil prices <i>to go down</i> in summer.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Income tax payments have also <i>gone down</i>. • Over the years of independence, the number of people who can neither read nor write has <i>gone down</i> to 20 per cent. <p>2) Nevertheless, the product had generally <i>gone down well</i>.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Funding micro-loans for poor women instead of big infrastructure projects does not <i>go down so well</i> in Washington. • But the growing use of English <i>is not going down easily</i> everywhere. <p>3) This election will <i>go down</i> as the worst in US history.</p>
<p>go for v prep нацеливаться (на ч.-л.); стремиться (к ч.-л.); [T1]</p>	<p>I am a spender. I don't think about the cost. But I <i>go for</i> quality not quantity.</p>

go in for

v adv prep

1) пройти, выдержать
(*испытание, конкурс и т.п.*); [T1]2) выбирать, предпочитать
(*ч.-л.*); [T1]1) In order to survive in the changing scenario, the companies *went in for* restructuring.**go into**

v prep

1) вступать (*куда-л.*);
выбирать (*какое-л. дело или профессию*);
[T1 (no pass.)]2) начинать (*какое-л. действие*); [T1 (no pass.)]1) I regret to have to tell you again that we are not planning *to go into* television.• She *went into* advertising and made a lot of money.• When he *went into* fashion, most other Russian businessmen were *starting from scratch* (*начать с нуля*).2) They will try to convince markets that it is worthwhile *to go into* the euro. (*перейти к евро*).**go on**

v adv

1) продолжать (*делать ч.-л., особ. после перерыва*); [IØ (to, with)]2) случаться, происходить;
[IØ (usu. continuous tenses)]

3) проходить: продолжаться, длиться; [IØ]

1) The commission is to decide whether the airline's competitors should be forced *to go on* operating some flights from Malpensa or return to Linate.• He attended L.U. school and *went on* to study economics at Manchester university.2) At the office they pretend there's nothing *going on*, but rumours begin to run rampant.• There is a lot of reassessing *going on* across the country.3) As the days *went on*, still no goods arrived.

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The list of financial scandals <i>goes on and on</i>. • The work must <i>go on</i> even though there are absences.
<p>go on to v adv prep перейти (к <i>следующему делу, занятию</i>); приступить к другой работе; начать работать в другой должности; [IØ + to]</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Your notes will be helpful in training the worker who takes your place while you <i>go on to</i> a better job. • Many past winners have <i>gone on to</i> big careers in TV and music.
<p>go out of business 1) потерпеть крах, обанкротиться 2) <i>go out of one's way</i> – изо всех сил стараться (<i>делать ч.-л.</i>)</p>	<p>1) If we have a very bad year we will not <i>go out of business</i> because the costs are low enough to survive.</p> <p>2) The authorities also appear to be <i>going out of their way</i> to exert psychological pressure on this businessman.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • This company is <i>going out of its way</i> to get and keep its customers.
<p>go over v prep 1) просматривать, проверять (<i>ч.-л.</i>); [T1] 2) рассматривать (<i>чьё-л. предложение и т.п.</i>); [T1]</p>	<p>1) We must <i>go over</i> the accounts carefully before we settle them.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • You should <i>go over</i> your job description with your team leader. <p>2) Slow but sure is the way this business will grow. But we <i>went over</i> all this in our original discussion, so there's no point in <i>going over</i> it all again.</p>
<p>go over to v adv prep 1) отправляться (<i>куда-л.</i>); пересекать водное про-</p>	<p>1) We'll meet him when we <i>go over to</i> the factory.</p>

странство (чтобы добраться куда-л.); [L9 + over + to]

2) менять (ч.-л.), перейти (к ч.-л.); [T1 (no pass.)]

3) переходить (в другую партию, веру и т.п.); [T1 (no pass.)]

2) It is necessary to *go over to* alternative raw materials.

• I shall be *going over to* all-computerized writing.

3) She *went over to* the Republicans after their election victory.

go through

v adv

1) быть одобренным, согласованным, выполненным и т.п. (о соглашении, договоренности и т.п.); [IØ]

2) (о законе и т.п.) проходить через парламент и т.п.; [IØ]

1) But the deal *went through* without a hitch in May, giving Mr. P. 52 per cent of Dickson Concepts.

• If a GM-Daewoo deal *goes through*, a joint venture with AvtoVAZ would make even less sense for GM.

• If the deal *goes through* it will be the first takeover of a big West European company by an East European one

• Once the merger *has gone through*, he will no longer need luck.

2) If Post Office (UK) privatisation *goes through*, it will mean a big loss of jobs and a worse service for the customer.

• If privatization *goes through*, it will mean a big loss of jobs and a worse service for the customer.

go through

v prep

1) просматривать (ч.-л.); [T1]

1) I've just *been going through* the expenses you incurred on the African trip.

• John Martin has the work of *going through* the written applications and deciding which of

2) проходить (какне-л. ступени, этапы и т.п.); [T1]

3) *to go through the roof* – *not fml* (о ценах) взлететь вверх, подскочить

the applicants have the right qualifications for the post.

2) If we have to build another extension in a year or two it will be exasperating to have *to go through* all this work again.

3) Our sales have *gone through the roof*.

go through with

v adv prep

довести (ч.-л.) до конца; [T1]

Have you *gone through with* the contract yet?

go to

v prep

составлять (сумму), равняться [T1 (по pass.)]

Sales *went to* & 9,5 m.

go under

v adv

(о бизнесе и т.п.) терпеть крих, разоряться; [10 (to)]

• Once you are in the business you've got to have absolutely the best equipment. If you don't you'll just slowly *go under*.

• Investors and citizens were angered by CEOs and other top executives who have collected millions while their companies have languished (*чахнуть, слабеть*) or *gone under*.

• But Chryoda, the 12th largest life insurance company and the fifth *to go under* since the asset bubble burst in 2002, was more troubled than most.

go up

v adv

1) ехать в университет или крупный город; [10 (to)]

1) Someone from a firm of adjusters *is going up* to inspect the damaged

2) строиться, воздвигаться;
[10]

3) подниматься, становиться
выше, увеличиваться;
[10]

4) *go up for sale* – распрода-
ваться

5) поднимать шум (*вокруг/по
поводу* к.-л. или ч.-л.);
раскритиковать (к.-л. за ч.-л.)

go with

v prep

подходить к (ч.-л.), гармони-
ровать с (ч.-л.), соответство-
вать (ч.-л.); соотноситься с
(ч.-л.); ассоциироваться с;
[T1 (no pass.)]

go without

v prep

обходиться без (ч.-л.); [T1],
[T4]

goods tomorrow to give an opinion of
their value.

2) A new supermarket *went up* where
the theatre used to be.

- A few years ago an 80-foot statue
went up in Japan.

- Trade barriers *went up* and capital
markets disintegrated.

3) The building costs *go up* every
year.

- In the first six months of this year,
recorded crime *went up* 6 per cent
compared with the same period last
year.

- In turbulent times the need for
capital formation is bound to *go up*.

4) When any of these winemakers
died or retired, the brand names along
with the wine reserves and equipment
went up for sale in the open market.

5) They didn't like some articles.
They *went up on me* for stories they
thought I should not have published.

- The lower rents *go with* smaller
apartments.

- The increased responsibility that
now *goes with* the secretarial job may
make it easy for women's value to be
recognized.

We would have to *go without* these
items.

gobble up

v adv

поглощать (ч.-л.) быстро
или в больших количествах;
[Г1]

• Nortel Networks Corp. and Lucent Technologies Inc. started *gobbling up* Internet – technology companies at a dizzying pace.

• Volkswagen's CEO, F.P., has publicly vowed that he will do whatever it takes to prevent his company from being *gobbled up* by a foreign competitor.

goof off/around

v adv

AmE infml проводить время
в бездельи, бездельничать,
лентяйничать. [10]

Employers have a right to know if their employees are *goofing off*.

hammer out

v adv

not fml обсуждать (ч.-л.)
долго и в деталях;
вырабатывать (*решение*)
после долгого обсуждения;
[Г1]

• Through the small hours of the morning, we *hammered out* the contract.

• A compromise deal was *hammered out* by leaders of both sides.

• But many details remain to be *hammered out*. (*уточнить, обсудить, утрясти*)

hand over

v adv

передавать (*командование*,
свои полномочия и т.п.
кому-л.); [Г1 (to)]

• They *handed* these tricky matters *over to* the Americans.

• W., who turns 65 next month, was expected to *hand over* control of the company six months from now.

• People *hand over* 50% or more of what they produce in the form of taxes on income and consumption

hang on

v adv

not fml продолжать, несмотря на трудности; [Ю]Russia can probably *hang on* without new IMF loans until June. (*обойтись без*)**hang on/upon**

v prep

1) зависеть (*от ч.-л.*), быть связанным (*с ч.-л.*); меняться в соответствии (*с ч.-л.*); [Т1 (no pass.)]

2) относиться с пристальным вниманием, принимать, ловить, ожидать с нетерпением; [Т1 (no pass.)]

1) \$100 billion of oil investment *hangs on* the question of satisfactory production-sharing agreements. (*находится в зависимости от, увязаны с*)2) The stock market and indeed the entire nation *hang on* every word uttered by the Federal Reserve chairman.• His audience *hung on* his every word.**hang onto**

v prep

not fml пытаться удержать (*ч.-л.*); [Т1]; придерживаться (*убеждения, взгляды и т.п.*)• The Prime minister is hoping to *hang on to* the reins of power. (*удержаться у власти; сохранить свой пост*)• He *hangs on to* a belief that no problem is irredeemable. (*придерживается убеждения, что нет неразрешимых проблем*)• He *hung onto* his job Friday after a wild meeting.• The company *hung on to* an old design too long.**head down**

v adv

уменьшаться, сокращаться

Inflation will *head down* from 2.1% now to 1% by midyear.

head off

v adv

не допускать (ч.-л. нежелательного); предотвращать, отводить; [Т1]

• These days companies with extensive overseas dealings are actively trying to *head off* problems before they occur.

• In Italy, the government *headed off* the threat of rebellion.

• The Japanese government attempted to *head off* the collapse of Yamaichi Securities.

• The Fed raised interest rates sharply to *head off* potential inflation.

heat up

v adv

1) оживиться; [Ю]

2) повышаться(ся), увеличивать(ся)

1) However companies declined to comment yesterday, people close to the companies confirmed privately that negotiations *were heating up*.

2) Now that inflation is *heating up* on the Continent, the Eurobank has no incentive to reduce rates.

hire out

v adv

сдавать (ч.-л.) внаем; наниматься; [Т] + out

The firm *hires out* trucks, lorries and other vehicles.

hive off

v adv

отделить (ч.-л.), разделить (ч.-л.); разукрупнять (фирму, производство и т.п.); [Т1]

разг. отделяться; заводить свое дело; основывать новую или дочернюю фирму

• Bremer Vulkan, Germany's largest shipbuilder, has agreed to *hive off* two of its East German units for a symbolic DM1 hut with no general renunciation of (*отказ от*) outstanding (*неуплаченных, просроченных*) claims (*сумм претензий*).

• This move is likely to be seen as British Aerospace's first step towards

hiving off its underperforming (слабо функціонуючій) property interests (участников бізнеса).

• But British Aerospace's decision not to *hive off* its Dutch construction company led to the resignation late last week of its chairman.

hold down

v adv

1) удерживать, сохранять (ч.-л.) на низком уровне; [Г1]

2) *not fml* удерживать (роботу), не потерять место; [Г1]

1) The government's measures were aimed at *holding* prices *down*.

• Consumer inflation has been *held down*.

• When productivity lags, employers struggle to keep their costs in line, and in doing so *hold down* pay.

2) I wish you *would hold down* the job for another year or two.

• Teachers were sometimes *not around* because they *hold down* extra jobs.

hold off

v adv

прерыва(ся), откладывая(ся); [Ю]

• Since last fall, the IMF has *held off* providing new credits to Russia. (*заморозил – delayed credits*)

• Washington, along with its allies Japan and South Korea, are *holding off* on aid.

• It might be wise to *hold off* any decisions until after the results come out.

hold onto (on to)

v prep

пытаться удержат(ь) (ч.-л.);
придерживат(ься) (ч.-л.);
пытаться сохранить (о
соглашении и т.п.); [Г1]

• I fail to see how we can negotiate new agreement if we can't *hold on to* the agreements we've already got.

• The natives want to *hold on to* their village way of life.

<p>hold out v adv</p> <p>1) хватать, быть достаточным: [10]</p> <p>2) продержаться, не уступать; выдерживать, держаться до конца; [10]</p> <p>3) предлагать (ч.-л.), выражать (ч.-л.); [Г1а]</p>	<p>• The government have managed to <i>hold on to</i> quite a lot of their power.</p> <p>1) He was staying at the hotel as long as the money was <i>holding out</i>. (<i>пока хватало денег</i>)</p> <p>2) It also makes it more likely that an independent enquiry will have to be held, although the government was still <i>holding out against</i> it last night.</p> <p>3) Mr. Clinton's remarks were the first time a US president <i>had held out</i> the prospect of Russia joining the EU – an offer he was not entitled to make.</p> <p>• Well, I'll try to suggest to H.G. that we should have our own vehicles. But I don't <i>hold out</i> much hope.</p>
<p>hold out for v adv prep</p> <p>настоятельно требовать (ч.-л.); [Г1]</p>	<p>This country is <i>holding out for</i> more money.</p>
<p>hold up v adv</p> <p>1) задерживать (ч.-л. или к.-л.); [Г1 (often pass.)]</p> <p>2) приводить (к.-л. или ч.-л.) в качестве примера; [Г1 (as)]</p>	<p>1) An agreement in principle was signed on May 16, but completion <i>has been held up</i> by negotiations over tax liabilities and other details.</p> <p>• The joint venture has been <i>held up</i> because the Italian automaker has been unable to find Russian suppliers of quality components.</p> <p>• Allocated funds could be <i>held up</i> by administrative delays.</p> <p>2) Confucian thought (<i>конфуцианство</i>) <i>held up</i> frugality (<i>бережлив-</i></p>

3) хватать, быть достаточным, продержаться; [10] (*to endure; to last a long time*)

4) оставаться в силе (*о теории, убеждении, аргументе*); сохранить/не потерять свое(го) значение после тщательного рассмотрения

вость, умеренность) and diligence as moral virtues.

• Listen, I don't *hold myself up* to be all-knowing

3) These are solid funds that *hold up* well in good times and bad – and don't *rip off* (*ст. грабить*) investors with exorbitant fees.

4) He interviewed outside experts in this field, trying to see if the business plan and products *hold up*.

(*if theories, beliefs, and arguments hold up, they remain convincing after close examination of them*)

in the red = into the red

– иметь задолженность;
= in debt

• The company was making losses of about \$150,000 a week and was *tipping into the red*.

• Cash generated by operations plunged \$1.2 billions *into the red* during the first half of the year.

• Earnings *dipped into the red* for two of the last four quarters.

jack up

v adv

infrm поднять (*цены и т.п.*); [Т1]

• He should have signed supply contracts earlier, before the oil companies *jacked up* their rates.

• If Wal-Mart crushes its competition, then *jacks* prices right back *up* again, not too many people will be smiling.

jump up

v adv

подскочить (*о ценах*)

True, newspaper prices have *jumped up* 70 percent in St. Petersburg and they've risen across the country.

keep down

v adv

держат(ся) на низком уровне; приглушить (*голос и т.п.*); сбавить (*вес*). [Ю]

- This company *keeps costs down*, deliveries on time.
- We were trying to *keep down* unit labour costs.

keep under

v prep

keep sth under wrap(s) – скрывать (*ч.-л. до поры до времени*); держать в секрете

They *kept* their new product *under wraps* until after the exhibition.

keep up

v adv

1) оставаться высоким; оставлять высоким; [Г1]

2) продолжать (*ч.-л.*), не прекращать (*ч.-л.*); [Г1]

3) не отставать от соперника (*конкурента*); [Ю]

4) не (давать) спать допоздна; ложиться спать поздно; [Г1b]

1) The OPEC countries were trying to *keep* the oil prices *up*.

- Successful managers are basically cheerful optimists – someone has to *keep up* morale when setbacks occur.

2) I'm afraid you won't be able to *keep it up*. It requires a stiff effort.

3) They will boost R&D spending sufficiently to *keep up* in the global drugs race.

- Despite the rampant expansion of coffee bars across the developed world, demand for coffee has not been growing fast enough to *keep up*.

4) It's a never-ending struggle to *keep* their people *up* and motivated.

keep up with

v adv prep

1) быть всегда в курсе (*ч.-л.*), быть хорошо осведомленным (*о ч.-л.*); [Г1]

1) To *keep up with* the latest IMB e-business solutions, visit our web-site.

- I can't *keep up with* all these newly independent countries. Is Zimbabwe the former Southern Rhodesia?

2) не отставать от (к.-л. или ч.-л.); удерживаться на одинаковом уровне; поспевать; угнаться (за изменениями и т.п.); [10]
3) справляться с (к.-л. ситуацией и т.п.); приравниваться, приспособливаться; соответствовать (требованиям и т.п.); отреагировать соответствующим образом

4) *keep up-to-date with - keep up with the times* - быть на уровне, шагать в ногу со временем

kick in

v adv

1) происходить, наступать (в результате ч.-л.); начинать действовать, давать результат, производить эффект

• Politicians must shift positions constantly to *keep up with* the people they are supposed to be leading. (реагировать на ч.-л. запросы; не терять связь с к.-л.)

2) It's odd that the pound *kept up with* the dollar for as long as it did.

3) With 24 employees he works a two-shift day to *keep up with* orders.

• This helped workers *keep up with* soaring costs.

• Facing huge losses in its semi-conductor-division, Siemens decided last year that it could no longer *keep up with* the highly cyclical industry, which at peak times can produce enormous profits but requires huge investment periods to *keep up with* fast-paced technological changes.

4) You need to *keep up-to-date with* the changes around.

1) Wage inflation is bound to *kick in*

• These measures take a while to *kick in*.

• Their obligation to pay into the budget will *kick in* at once.

• These tablets take a while to *kick in*. (требуется некоторое время, прежде чем они начнут действовать)

• This rule *kicks in* only when a formal tender offer prospectus is filed.

2) *informal* сбрасываться, делать взнос; [Г1а]; выделить (к.-л.) сумму денег (на ч.-г.) = *to contribute some money (to a cause)*

2) They have to *kick in* another \$40 million

kick off

v adv

informal начинать (ч.-г.); [1Ø (with)]

• The government recently *kicked off* a program, which encourages hotels to equip themselves with network computers.

• Privatization of state-owned assets should *kick off* in earnest over the next year, along with deregulation of the telecommunications, power and other sectors.

• Mr. D. *kicks off* with a 13-point questionnaire to help you establish exactly what sort of investor you really are in terms of your attitude to risk.

• This move helped *kick off* a new decade of restructuring.

knock down

v adv

1) *not formal* снизить, сбить (цену и т.п.); {Г1} (to)}

1) Mr. Coto prefers to bring businesses in house and *knock costs down*.

• DANA (auto-parts supplier) has been *knocked down* almost 60% from its 12-month high, as car-makers have *scaled back* orders.

2) *not formal* разбить (чью-л. доводы, аргументы); [Г1] раскритиковать, отвергнуть

2) Every time a plan was *drawn up* (составлять) it was *knocked down* in the Commons.

knock off

v adv

- 1) *informal* закончить, прекратить работу; [IØ]
 2) *not formal* снизить (цену), сбавить (в цене); [T1]
 3) *not formal* наспех написать, настроичить (статью, программу и т.п.); состряпать; [T1]

1) We *knock off* at six.2) He agreed to *knock* \$20 *off*.3) He *knocks off* a new TV production every year.**knock off**

v prep

- 1) *informal* закончить, прекратить работу; [T1 (no pass.)]
 2) *not formal* снизить (цену), сбавить (в цене); [D1]
 3) *knock sb off balance* – вывести из равновесия
 4) *be knocked off course* – сбить с курса, помешать

1) How about *knocking off* work earlier today?2) Germany could *knock* another \$25 *off* the gold price.3) This case has *knocked* him *off balance*4) Shanghai's progress could *be knocked off course* by China's secretive domestic politics.**lag behind**

v adv

отставать, замедлять темпы; [IØ + behind]

We failed to keep up with changes in taste and *lagged behind* in design and marketing.**lay aside**

v adv

- 1) отложить (работу и т.п.) на некоторое время; [T1]
 2) откладывать (деньги), приберегать; выделять (время или деньги) для (к.-л.) цели; [T1 (for)]

1) The law was *laid aside*.2) His main concern now is *to lay aside* enough money for his old age.

lay back

v adv

расслабиться; успокоиться;
перестать расстраиваться
или переживать

Instead of *plowing* enough of their profits *back* into research (*вкладывать прибыль в дело*), developing new markets, anticipating trends in consumer attitudes the company stopped learning and *laid back* thinking they had it made.

lay down

v adv

1) устанавливать, утверждать (*условия, правила и т.п.*);

[T1 (often pass.)]

2) *lay down one's arms* – сдать; сложить оружие;
lay down sth – перестать пользоваться чем-л.

1) These targets have been *laid down* in the plan.

- They introduced a code of conduct *laying down* strict rules for dealing with offers of gifts.

- The Prime Minister has already *laid down* the time schedule for each of these proposals.

2) He persuaded businessmen to *lay down* their ledgers and trust their book-keeping to primitive accounting machines.

lay off

v adv

put smb временно освободить от работы, временно уволить; [T1 (often pass.)]

They want to *lay us off* for three months.

lay out

v adv

1) (рас-/за-)планировать, располагать; разбивать (*парк и т.п.*); составлять (*план и т.п.*); [T1]

2) выразить или представить (*идею, информацию и т.п.*)

1) He *laid out* a plan to tackle red tape.

- The job to be done is well *laid out*.
- This amount of money is *laid out* as state spending in this year's budget.

2) They *laid out* their accusations in the Senate.

в обдуманном, ясном виде;
предъявить, представить,
высказать (обвинения и
вл.)

- In the near term, they have to deliver on the expectations they laid out. (deliver – воплотить в жизнь, выполнить, осуществить; обеспечить успех)
- The business plan is where you lay out the reasons.

leak out

v adv

(о секретной информации)
просачиваться; вызывать
утечку информации, [10]

Restructuring details began to leak out.

lean on

v prep

informal нажать на (к.-т.); [T1]
to try to make sb do sth

Chrysler is leaning on its 4,344 dealers to bring in an extra billion dollars this year but because of the sluggish economy is falling short. (не достигать цели)

leave off

v adv

переставать (делать ч.-т.);
бросать (привычку и т.п.);
[10]

- Let's go on from where left off last time.
- He was left off the speakers' list because of the scandal, so he is refusing even to show up. (не включен в список выступающих)
- "If I leave off working, how do I eat", said a roadside cigarette vendor.

let down

v adv

подводить (к.-т.), разочаро-
вывать (к.-т.); [T1]

- You let us down horribly.
- The suppliers have let us down.

let out

v adv

esp. BrE давать напрокат,
сдавать внаем; [T1]

For the past two years, they have been letting out property during summer seasons.

let up

v adv

снижать активность, темп в работе, [IØ]

We (Singapore) can become the first developed country in the tropics, if we do not *let up*.

level off

v adv

выравниваться, делаться ровным; нивелировать; [L9+OFF]

= *level out* – перестать увеличиваться/расти или даже уменьшиться

Although outdoor advertising spending recently has *leveled off*, advertisers now spend more than \$1.1 billion annually on outdoor media, a 25 percent increase over ten years ago.

level out

v adv

выравниваться, делаться ровным; перестать увеличиваться; [L9+out]

The company's booming growth probably will *level out* for the next few years.

lie in

v prep

заключаться в (ч.-л.); [L9+in]

• His (the designer's) contribution *lies in* meeting the needs of the client with solution economic to construct and to operate.

• The contractors' contribution to cost reduction *lies in* the efficiency with which they assemble the building.

link up

v adv

соединять, связывать; [IØ(with)]

They also *link up with* representatives of the 300-strong research and development department.

live off

v prep

кормиться за счет (ч.-л.);
жить на средства, полученные от (ч.-л.)

- This company is *living off* past successes.
- They *live off* what they grow in the gardens.
- She is now earning \$1.000 a month. "I can't *live off* that", she said.

live on

v prep

1) жить за (чей-л.) счет; [T1]
2) *live on one's name/ reputation* – жить былой славой, былыми заслугами

- 1) These resorts had been *living on a reputation*; then they suddenly realized that they had to upgrade to the 21st century.

live up to

v adv prep

1) жить согласно (принципам, идеалам); [T1]

2) оправдать (ожидания, надежды): выполнять (обещания, обязательства); [T1]

- 1) Such high standards are difficult *to live up to*.
- The country was making a commitment to *live up to* the highest ideals expressed in the Constitution.
- 2) Each member of the IMF should *live up to* its own responsibilities. (*выполнять свои обязательства*)
- This chain of retailers (the retail chain) hasn't *lived up to* the brand strengths. (*не соответствует*)
 - The company is *living up to* its promises to the candidate for the job.

lock in

v adv

1) *infinl* сделать так, чтобы процентная ставка (*зарплата и т.п.*) оставалась неизменной на протяжении к.-л. периода времени; блокировать, закреплять;

- 1) They *locked in* a nine percent rate on their mortgage.
- The less considerate (*тактичный, заботливый*) supervisor will be *locked in on pay and security as rewards*.

[T1 (usu. pass.)]

2) *be locked in (о деньгах)* – быть надежно помещенным на определенный срок или под определенное условие

look after

v prep

1) ухаживать, присматривать за (к.-л. или ч.-л.); заботиться; [T1]

2) *look after oneself* – не нуждаться в посторонней помощи, все уметь самому, справляться самому

1) People expect a decent government which *looks after* their well being.

• If they can't *look after* clients, they might not be much good at *looking after* money either

2) Japan is rich enough to *look after itself*.

look at

v prep

рассматривать, изучать; осматривать; [T1]

• To ensure further growth in Britain, B.S. is *looking at* acquisitions.

• Among the ideas being *looked at* by the Treasury (UK) review is that of giving the building societies more freedom to expand.

look back

v adv

not/never look back – продолжать идти вперед, не останавливаться

Sony has *never looked back*.

look down on

v adv prep

смотреть сверху вниз, свысока; смотреть с неудовольствием, не одобряя; [T1]

• In truth, many of the countries that Japan's government *looks down on* boast far sounder economic fundamentals in many areas.

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • You should never <i>look down on</i> your small customers or take them for granted.
<p>look forward to v adv prep ждать, ожидать (ч.-л.) с нетерпением; предвкушать; [T1]</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • These students did not <i>look forward to</i> careers in business. • I think the worst thing is having nothing to <i>look forward to</i>. • The dollar was in robust form yesterday as traders <i>looked forward to</i> another growth-boosting interest rate cut from the Federal Reserve today.
<p>look into v prep 1) изучать (<i>вопрос</i>), проводить исследование, проверку; [T1] 2) обращаться за информацией, справляться; [T1]</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) The bank has a development center which <i>looks into</i> productivity and communications. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • They brought in management consultants to <i>look into</i> the matter.
<p>look to v prep 1) рассчитывать на помощь (к.-л. в ч.-л.), смотреть с надеждой на (к.-л.); [T] (as, for) 2) <i>fmI</i> обращать внимание, заботиться; остерегаться; [T1]</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) The declining availability of trainable young people means that in order to succeed, companies must now <i>look to</i> older managers. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • We continue to <i>look to</i> the sea as a major source of energy to satisfy the ever-increasing needs of our world society. • The chief executive, furthermore, usually <i>looks to</i> the marketing manager to coordinate marketing activities with other functional departments. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2) The legal and tax situations are two of the key areas business people <i>look to</i> when deciding on investment.

look up

v adv

- 1) *not fml* (о делах) улучшаться, оживляться; [10]
- 2) смотреть по справочникам, словарям и т.п. (для нахождения нужной информации); [Г1]

1) This firm *is looking up!* Things *are looking up!*

2) Let's *look up* the articles of the pension fund.

look upon

v prep = look on

рассматривать, считать, иметь мнение о (к.-л или ч.-л.); [X9 (as, with)]

• He *is looked upon* as a promising young manager.

• Lecturers will have to *look upon* students as *clients*.

lose on

v prep

- 1) терять, проигрывать деньги (*на контракте и т.п.*); [10 + on], [Г1 + on]
- 2) *be lost on* – не влиять, пропадать даром, не оказывать влияния; не быть замеченным

1) He thinks we could *lose on* this contract.

2) This lesson should not *be lost on* Mr. Barry. (*Этот урок не должен пройти даром для Mr. Barry / Этот урок пойдет ему на пользу.*)

lose out

v adv

- 1) проиграть, потерпеть убытки, нести потери; [1 (on, to)]

1) Despite the impression to the contrary, however, the company is adamant that you have not *lost out*.

• Their businesses were *losing out* to foreign competition at home and abroad.

- 2) терпеть поражение; [10 (on, to)]

2) He *lost out* in a power struggle and was forced to leave two years ago.

lop off/away

v adv

обрубать (ветви и т.п.);
[T1 + off/away]; срезать,
сократить (объем продаж
и т.п.)

• Coca-Cola says the consumer boycott has hit business and *lopped up* to 10% off its sales in the Middle East.

• He is now working with the Rochlings to *lop off* unrelated business to focus the company on defense and auto parts.

make it

v pron

not *fmI* совершить, осуше-
ствить, успеть сделать

• She *has made it* in business.

• A Concorde supersonic flight from London to New York *made it* only as far as Bangor. Passengers had to fly to Boston and entrain from there to New York.

• Something bad is bound to happen, but you hope you've *built up* (последовательно создавать) enough support over time to *make it* through those bad things.

make up

v adv

1) составлять (целое);
[T1 (often pass.)]

1) The steel industry in Russia *makes up* 7 percent of the gross domestic product.

• Aviation fuel *makes up* more than 10 percent of the cost of running an airline.

• Her life is *made up of* school, homework; that's all.

2) возмещать, компенсиро-
вать; [T1]

2) He will have to be compensated out of the company's funds *to make* his pension *up* to the proper amount.

• This sum of money will *make up* the difference between National

3) придумывать, сочинять (рассказ и т.п.); выдумывать (к.-л. предлог и т.п.); [Т1]

4) *make up lost ground* = *make up leeway* – наверстывать упущенное, ликвидировать отставание

make up for

v adv prep

1) возмещать, восполнять, компенсировать, наверстывать; [Т1 (pass.rare)]

2) *make up for lost ground/time* – наверстывать упущенное (время, позиции и т.п.)

map out

v adv

планировать, составлять план; [Т1]

mark down

v adv

снижать цену, расценку; [Т1]

Insurance payments and his normal basic rate.

• Such a step should allow you to *make up* the damage more quickly.

3) I've told you everything about my life and if I say anything else I'll have to start *making it up*.

• It is very hard to believe that Mr. P. is *making* the whole thing (accusation) *up*. But it's not hard to believe he's *making* a lot of it *up*.

4) They know that it's hard to *make up lost ground*, so they put top priority on capital preservation.

1) One huge success could *make up for* a dozen failures.

• The firm is crediting you with \$500 to try to *make up for* the inconvenience you suffered.

• Workers negotiate bigger pay deals to *make up for* the rising cost of living.

2) The economy could *make up for* lost ground in subsequent years.

He *took up* proposals first *mapped out* by the previous government.

At the London Futures and Options Exchange coffee prices *were marked down* in the morning following a sharp overnight sell-off in New York.

match up to

v adv prep

1) соответствовать (*описанию, идеалу и т.п.*); оправдывать (*чью-л. надежды*); [Г1]

1) The system has already been used by senior managers to score their peers on how they *match up to* BAE's corporate values.

2) Those who do not *match up to* the challenges will face disappointment.

miss out

v adv

1) упускать, не включать; [Г1 (of)]
2) *not fml* (on) упускать возможность, шанс; [IØ (on) (often continuous tenses)]

1) Your account *misses out* some very important details.

2) The company *missed out on* pretax profit of around \$750 million.

• The firm did not suffer a loss but *missed out on* a chance to make more profit.

• My career is very important, but I don't want to *miss out on* family life. (*не хочу жертвовать семьей; не за счет семьи*)

move away

v adv

переменить точку зрения, мнение; отказаться от (*взглядов и т.п.*); [IØ (from)]

The company was keen to *globalize* the brand. This meant *moving away from* traditional British toys towards ones that would be recognized all over the world.

move up

v adv

подниматься, повышаться (*в ценах и т.п.*); [IØ]

At the same time, prices continue to *move up* at ever-faster rates.

muscle in

(on) v adv

sl силой навязывать контроль, перехватывать инициативу; [IØ (on)]

Both Ford (with its Explorer) and GM's Chevrolet division (with its Blazer) have been *muscling in on* the lucrative market for minivans and jeeps.

nudge down

v adv

способствовать снижению (цен и т.п.); подталкивать, наводить на мысль о снижении (цен и т.п.)

The US administration's decision to *dip into* (пробегнуть к) the US petroleum reserves may *nudge prices down* in the short term.

own up

v adv

честно признаваться в (проступке, преступлении и т.п.); [10 (to)]

A shift in public perceptions has made managers increasingly reluctant to *own up to* computer illiteracy.

palm off

v adv

informal сбывать, подсовывать, всучивать (ч.-л.) обманным путем; [T1]**palm off on**

v adv prep

informal навязывать (ч.-л. ненужное к.-л.) обманным путем; [D1]

Some sellers may try to *palm off second-rate products on you*, having let you sample (пробовать, испытывать) the best.

paper over

v prep

not formal скрывать (ошибку и т.п.), замазывать (разногласия); особ. во фразе "paper over the cracks"

The 13 parties that are part of the government *papered over* their differences to take power, but they remain divided over important policy matters.

pare away/down/off

v adv

сокращать, урезать (расходы и т.п.); [T1]

In *paring away* businesses and computerizing some systems, Monsanto cut 28 per cent of its hourly workers – but it cut 50 per cent of its managers and supervisors.

pass over

v adv

обойти (по службе); не быть избранным; отдать предпочтение к.-л. другому; [T1a (for) (usu. pass.)]
pass over sb for (one or another position) in favour of someone; pass sb over; be passed over

He *passed over* his daughter (*star saleswoman*) for president of his Michigan bakeries *in favour of* someone with more management experience.

(В качестве управляющего пекарнями в Мичигане он предпочел назначить человека, имеющего больший управленческий опыт, обойдя тем самым свою дочь, (знаменитого торгового агента)).

pass up

v adv

упускать, не использовать (шанс); [T1a]

• The British Government has quite deliberately *passed up* the chance to do anything about unemployment and the associated social ills (to tackle the poverty, crime, social *dislocation* (неурядицы, проблемы).

• *Fresh out of* Harvard Business school last year, Shao Lin *passed up* lucrative U.S. jobs and came home to start a web site.

pay back

v adv

возвращать деньги (кому-л. за что-л.); [T1 + back (for, to)]

He does not only have to *pay back* the money he borrowed, he also has to pay interest on it.

pay down

v adv

расплачиваться наличными (за ч.-л.); уменьшать величину задолженности, выплачивая часть суммы, взятой в долг

• The Italian government hopes the privatization this year will help it raise 15 trillion lire to 20 trillion lire which would go to *paying down* its enormous debt.

[T] (for)]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> American consumers and businesses are struggling to <i>pay down</i> their debts.
pay in v adv вносить деньги на банковский счет; [T]+in]	This was the sum <i>paid in</i> to the bank, but this was the amount <i>drawn out</i> .
pay off v adv 1) погасить долг; расплатиться сполна; рассчитаться с; [T] 2) рассчитать (к.-л.); [T] 3) <i>not fm</i> окупаться, оправдаться, вознаградиться; [Ю]	1) They should <i>pay off</i> debts owed to public sector workers. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> He <i>paid off</i> its creditors. There is speculation (<i>гипотеза, предположение</i>) that Mr. A.B. might have to sell Glympton Park estate to <i>pay off</i> some of Bond Corp's \$6 billion debt. 2) Twenty workers <i>were paid off</i> when the factory closed. 3) They began a new R&D initiative that will take 15 years to <i>pay off</i> . <ul style="list-style-type: none"> He hoped the investment would <i>pay off</i> over time But, if the Japanese succeeded in their search, it would not be the first time that oriental ingenuity had <i>paid off</i> through persistence and hard cash at the expense of Western skepticism.
pay out v adv 1) <i>not fm</i> выплачивать небольшими суммами или неохотно; [T] 2) выплачивать проценты по вкладам; [T]	1) It enables them to build up reserves which might otherwise <i>be paid out</i> to shareholders. 2) They always <i>pay out</i> interest on their clients' savings accounts.

pay up

v adv

выплачивать (долг) сразу,
расплачиваться; [T1]

If he could not pay back the loan within the time limit, his house would have to be sold and the first mortgage *paid up*.

perk up

v adv

попрободриться,
воспрянуть духом, оживиться;
[T1]

• With coffee prices languishing (ослабевать, терять силы) and farmers turning to drug crops instead, Colombia needed to do something drastic to *perk up* its most famous legal industry.

• Shares of Bestfoods *perked up* near the end of the session to \$65.875, up \$1.375.

• The Selective-Distribution division showed signs of *perking up*.

phase in

v adv

постепенно, поэтапно
вводить (ч.-з.); [T1]

• A tax cut package is already due to be *phased in* for coming years.

• The EU has not budged (не отступила) on proposals to *phase in* payments over 10 years.

• Congressional Democrats first discarded (отвергать, отбрасывать) the tax as too difficult to *phase in*, but is now reconsidering.

phase out

v adv

постепенно, поэтапно
заканчивать, устранять (ч.-
з.); [T1]

• The currencies of 12 European countries were *phased out* in February 2002 in favour of the euro.

• Tobacco advertising was *phased out*.

• All direct payments to farmers will eventually be *phased out*.

pick off

v adv

срывать, обрывать;
приобретать (ч.-л.) избира-
тельно, по частям: [T1 + off]

Although some companies would prefer *to pick off* Harcourt assets, Goldman has indicated to bidders that the company would prefer to be sold whole, for tax reasons.

pick out

v adv

выбирать (ч.-л. или к.-л.);
[T1 + OUT (from)]

Among so many success stories, it is unfair *to pick out* individual companies but the first placed deserves special mention.

pick up

v adv

1) заезжать, заходить (за к.-л. или ч.-л.); брать пассажи-
ров, почту и т.п.; [T1]

2) заработать, начать
набирать скорость (о
моторе, двигателе); [IØ]

3) (обыкн. о торговле или
погоде) улучшать(ся); [IØ]

4) подниматься; приходить
в себя (после неудачи и
т.п.); [T1]

1) I'll *pick you up* at work on Friday afternoon and we can leave straight from there.

2) Productivity growth *picked up* speed as the decade went along.

- Inflation *picked up* by less than expected last month.

- I *pick up* speed. So does the other car.

3) Trade has *picked up* since September.

- The Spanish economy began to *pick up*.

- Things could *pick up* even more if the Firestone company mends its rift (*трещина, разлад*) with Ford.

4) By the second or third quarter of next year, the European Economy should start *to pick up*

- He was still confident economic activity would *pick up* late in the year.

- The economy is *picking up* faster from recession than most forecasters expected.

5) получать (энергию *т.п.*);
набирать голоса; [Г1]

6) *not fml* случайно узнать;
собирать, добывать (*сведения и т.п.*); [Г1]

7) *not fml* покупать (*по случаю*), приобретать (*ч.-л.*)

8) начинать, находить (*ч.-л.*)
снова, возобновлять (*разговор, интерес и т.п.*); [Г1]

• It became clear that the economy, far from *picking up*, was sinking deeper into the morass.

• His comments came as the company reported a 4 per cent drop in sales from its home market in the year to June 30 and warned they were unlikely to *pick up* in medium term.

• The year-on-year rate of growth *picked up* to 5 per cent in August from 4.8 per cent in July, according to the Office for National Statistics.

5) He stands a good chance of *picking up* more than a third of the total vote.

6) People say when you start out in business, "Oh, you'll *pick it up* as you go along. But it's better to have a structured understanding of what you're doing when it comes to a specialist subject: like finance."

7) Most analysts agree that TPG *picked up* Telenor Media (the Norwegian telecom operator) for a low price.

8) Mr. H *picked up* an interest in this device.

• Consumers are *picking up* their purchases of durable goods.

pile into

v prep

infml ввязываться (*во ч.-л.*);
наваливаться на;
[Г1 (no pass.)]

As Russian entrepreneurs *pile into* the food-processing business, foreigners are finding that the only way to win market share is to either build their own production plants or buy a Russian competitor.

pin down

v adv

1) заставлять (к.-л.) принять решение; связывать (к.-л.) (обещанием и т.п.); припереть к стенке; [T1 (to)]

2) точно определить, установить (ч.-л.); узнать (к.-л. или ч.-л.); [T1 (to)]

1) Her experience *underlines* just how hard it is to *pin down* tour operators in court.

2) We can only help to *pin down* the date of the delivery.

- I am still trying to *pin down* the main idea of his new project.

play down

v adv

not full пресуменьшать, умялять (серьезность и т.п.); [T1]

- US officials *played down* the prospects of this firm going bankrupt.

- Bush administration officials *played down* the Japanese crisis.

- They *played down* this threat.

- He tried to *play down* the city's crime situation.

plow back

v adv

= **plough back** (BrE)

вкладывать прибыль в дело; [T1 (into)]

Instead of *plowing* enough of their profits *back* into research, developing new markets, anticipating trends in consumer attitudes, the company stopped learning and *laid back* thinking they had it made.

plough into

not full активно начать (делать ч.-л.); [T1 (no pass.)]

He has *ploughed* hundred of thousands of pounds *into* the property.
AmE plow into

pop in

v adv prep

not full зайти (куда-л.), внезапно появиться;

He likes to *pop in* on his subordinates rather than summoning

бросить (письмо и т.п.);
[L9 + IN/in]

them to his 23-rd floor office overlooking the Thames and Big Ben.

pore through

v prep

пристально (с увлечением)
рассматривать; сосредото-
ченно изучать

When I came back to retrieve (*заб-
рать*) the brochures, the Chinese were
poring through them with great smiles
on their faces when I caught them at it.
(*застал их за этим занятием*)

press ahead

v adv

— **push ahead**

not fml двигаться вперёд,
несмотря на трудности;
продолжать (ч.-л.)

- Mr. G. promised to *press ahead* with the economic reforms.
- The government made a decision to *press ahead* with the construction of the multi-story Hilton Hotel.

press for

v prep

настаивать, требовать (ч.-л.
от к.-л.); [T1]

The French foreign minister has *pressed for* a stronger European defense pillar.

press forward

v adv

not fml продолжать делать
(ч.-л.); продвигаться;
устремляться вперед;
потопрапливаться: [1Ø (with)]

The foreign ministers also agreed to *press forward* with plans to restructure this industry.

press on

v adv

not fml продолжать делать
(ч.-л.); продвигаться;
устремляться вперед;
потопрапливаться: [1Ø (with)]

- There are also plans to *press on* with privatization.
- The United States has also sought assurances from Beijing that it will *press on* with reforming the huge but

	inefficient state-owned sector that drains resources from the rest of the economy.
<p>prop up v adv <i>not fml</i> поддерживать (к.-т. или ч.-т.); помогать (к.-л. или ч.-т.); [10]</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Since the start of the year, the dollar has dropped close to 20% against the Japanese yen, despite sporadic attempts by the US and its allies to <i>prop it up</i>. • Their aim is to <i>prop up</i> prices. • He also hinted again that Tokyo might intervene to <i>prop up</i> the yen.
<p>pull back v adv 1) отказатьсЯ от (обещания и т.п.); [10 (from)] 2) уменьшать расходы; [10]</p>	<p>1) Chinese negotiators had tried to <i>pull back from</i> commitments made earlier.</p> <p>2) The company has to <i>pull back on</i> its spending.</p>
<p>pull down v adv 1) сносить (дом и т.п.); [T0] 2) уменьшить, сократить количество чего-л. 3) <i>esp. AmE not fml</i> получать деньги, зарабатывать; [T1]</p>	<p>1) The house was <i>pulled down</i> a couple of years ago</p> <p>2) The Fed said industrial production dropped by a seasonally adjusted 0.3 per cent in April, <i>pulling down</i> the nation's utilization of its production capacity to a 75 per cent rate, the lowest in more than a decade.</p> <p>3) With the money they (CEOs) <i>pull down</i> these days, the trophy house and trophy wife are no longer enough to satisfy their needs to <i>thump themselves on the chest</i> (хвалиться). They now need trophy countries. (<i>trophy</i> – приз, награда)</p>

pull off

v adv

not fml добиться несмотря на трудности, справиться;
[T1 (pass. rare)]

- These managers are offered a huge bonus for *pulling off* the deal (merger).
- J&J also has a structure that gives it a better chance of *pulling off* such deals.

pull out

v adv

1) отказываться от участия в чём-л.; отступить;
[IØ], [T1 (of)]

- 1) But the real hope for B&Q is that loss-making rivals will at last *pull out*.
- They might *pull out of* the deal.
 - The President *pulled out of* a state visit to Vienna due to "extreme fatigue". (отложил, отменил)
 - The President has already *pulled out of* the meeting in Colombia.
- 2) The Bank of Japan's customers *pulled out* 12 trillion yen.

2) снять со счета в банке

push ahead

v adv

– *press ahead with*
not fml двигаться вперёд, несмотря на трудности; продолжать (ч.-л.);
[IØ (with)]
push aside см **shove aside**

- They *push ahead with* real reforms.
- This problem is clearly *pushing* Gazprom *ahead with* the Baltic Pipeline.
- If they *pushed ahead with* structural reforms, unemployment could be much lower.
- They concentrated on *pushing ahead with* privatisation of the Post Office (UK).

push down

v adv

приводить к снижению, сокращению, уменьшению (чего-л.);
[IØ + down], [T1 + down]

- Yesterday's rise in the dollar was relatively modest but sufficient to *push* the euro *down* to around \$0.873.
- At about midday on Wall Street, the benchmark 30-year bond was up j

	<p>at 104 1/2, <i>pushing</i> the yield <i>down</i> to 5.93 per cent.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • We have to continue increasing the output of generating stations and keep <i>pushing</i> costs <i>down</i>.
<p>push on v adv <i>not fml</i> продолжать что-л.; упорно двигаться вперед, продвигаться; спешить; [IØ (to, with)]</p>	<p>He said he would <i>push on with</i> small and medium-sized acquisitions.</p>
<p>push through v adv prep <i>not fml</i> оказывать поддержку (к.-л. или ч.-л.); проталкивать (ч.-л. или к.-л.); [T1b; D1]</p>	<p>He said Mr. N. failed to <i>push through</i> rapid reforms, even as the long-term strategy he developed for Ericsson will <i>remain in place</i>.</p>
<p>push up v adv повышать, увеличивать (цены и т.п.); [T1]</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • They expect this move to <i>push</i> consumer prices <i>up</i> 3 per cent. • Leading retailers point out that inflation will be <i>pushed up</i>. • In Japan, retirement age is now being <i>pushed up</i> to age sixty. • Now sophisticated crime rings have moved in and <i>pushed</i> car thefts <i>up</i> 20 per cent last year to a record high of 43,000.
<p>put across v adv 1) <i>not fml</i> излагать, формулировать, выражать (ч.-л.); [T1 (to)]</p>	<p>1) However informal the meeting, it always pays to prepare a few key points in note form to <i>put across</i> or discuss.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • I'm afraid, I'm not <i>putting</i> my meaning <i>across</i> very well.

2) *not find* успешно завершить (ч.-л.); «провернуть» к.-л. дело; [Г1]

• Reiteration of an emphatic phrase can add potency and weight to a fact or objective which you are seeking to *put across*.

(*reiteration* – многократное повторение; *potency* – действительность, эффективность);

2) They *put* the deal *across* in a month.

put back

v adv

отбрасывать назад; тормозить, задерживать; [T1 (by)]

• The strike at the car factory *put back* production badly.

• If someone copied our designs it could *put* the work on the new desks *back* (by) at least a year.

put before

v prep

ставить на первое место, считать (ч.-л. или к.-л.) более важным, значительным; [D1]

• High-earning women in their late twenties *put* work *before* husbands and lovers, but many successful women in their mid-thirties lead solitary and emotionally unfulfilling lives, according to a survey published today.

• M.Y. has never *put* his personal interest *before* the company's.

put down

v adv

подавлять, заставить замолчать, пресекать; [T1 (often pass.)]

• It was clear to us that any state has the right to *put down* uprisings against itself with the use of force.

• Presidents have used federal troops to *put down* rioting (*бунт, мятеж*) in American cities.

put down to

v adv prep

считать (ч.-л.) результатом (ч.-л.); [D1]

- Mr. A. *puts* success *down to* a number of factors.

- They *put* the growth of the company *down to* its marketing ability and its central location with easy access to motorways and railway mainlines.

- I *put* this improvement of knowledge and understanding of economics *down to* the greatly improved motivation I see on the part of all the students.

put forth

v adv

1) *AmE fml* предлагать; [T1]

1) He *has put forth* these proposals in his Inaugural Address.

- Industry has to be prepared to *put forth* its case like other interest groups through policy statements, manifestoes, surveys, reports.

2) напрягать (силы); мобилизовать (усилия)

2) They *put forth* great efforts to finish the work on time.

put forward

v adv

1) предлагать, выдвигать; [T1 (often pass.)]

1) The Anglo-Dutch consumer group has now *put forward* a conditional bid proposal of up to \$72 a share in cash.

- Trade unions are also *putting forward* their own alternative plans.

2) предлагать (к.-л.) на должность (и т.п.); выстав-лять кандидатуру; [T1 (often pass.)]

- *Put* these proposals *forward* at the meeting, explain what they involve, why do you think they are a good idea.

put in

v adv

1) подавать (заявление, прошение и т.п.); [T1 (for)]

2) работать; прилагать усилия, тратить время (на ч.-л.); [T1 (on, to)]

1) The agents suggest that we *put in* an application to register the invention at once.• When an accident or robbery takes place the injured party *puts in* a claim to the insurance company.2) Major efforts are being *put in* all over the country trying to persuade health service workers to join the boycott campaign.**put in**

v prep

1) назначать (к.-л. на должность, пост и т.п.); [D1]

2) помещать, отдавать (к.-л. или ч.-л. куда-л.); [X9 + in]

3) *put sb in hot water* – in trouble4) *put in place* – предпринять (меры); внедрить1) They talked of the President's decision to dump the current Prime minister and *put in* Mr. S.2) An advertisement *has been put in* the "situations vacant" column of several appropriate newspapers, giving details of the new appointment and inviting applications for the job.3) That deal has *put* France in *hot water* with the US.4) Getting money from banks illegally is now tougher thanks to new measures *put in place* by the Central Bank.**put off**

v adv

1) откладывать (ч.-л.), отсрочивать; [T1 (till, to, until)]

2) *not feel* вызывать отвращение; [T1b]

3) мешать (к.-л.) делать (ч.-л.); отвлекать; отгакивать

1) One in four French declared that they *had put off* seeking health care for financial reasons.• I've *put off* buying a flat.2) He is also reported *to have been put off* by his untidiness and unpredictability.3) Their laughter *put off* the speaker, and he was unable to continue.

(о высоких ценах и т.п.);
[T1]

4) избавляться, отделяться
от (ч.-л.); отказываться;
отбрасывать (ч.-л.); [T1]

put on to (= onto)

v prep

1) соединять (кого-л. с кем-л.)
по телефону; [D1]

2) давать информацию

• Consumers like the machines but
are *put off* by their prices.

• The language barrier coupled with
a complete lack of any available
literature on companies or conversion
(конверсия) *puts* many potential
investors *off*.

4) He decided to *put off* the
responsibility of chairmanship.

put out

v adv

1) выпускать, производить
(товары и т.п.); [T1]

2) выбивать из колеи,
выводить из равновесия;
беспокоить, причинять
неудобства; [T1]

3) тратить, вкладывать
деньги; [T1 (at, to)]

4) *not find* отсылать, отдавать
работу на сторону; [T1]

5) издавать, выпускать,
опубликовывать, посылать
(сигнал бедствия); [T1]

1) The telephone operator *put me on
to* her supervisor.

1) The firm *puts out* 1,500 cars every
week.

2) We were very much *put out* by
the late arrival of the cargo.

3) I had \$2,000 *put out* at 9 per cent.

4) We *put* more work *out* than other
firms in comparison.

• Such services (careers guidance,
school inspections) are *put out* to
competitive tendering. (*выставляются
на торги*)

5) Leading broking houses *had put
out* research warnings of an imminent
economic crisis.

• The president's office *put out* a
statement yesterday that "positive
results were achieved".

• Last fall, Britain's Labour party *put
out* its official platform.

6) выключать, гасить; [Г1]

6) The firemen were too late to *put out* the fire.

put up

v adv

1) строить, возводить, воздвигать; [X9 + up]

1) Sometimes these stands are pre-erected, that is, *put up* at the place of manufacture to show the client exactly how they will look in the exhibition hall.

2) повышать (цену, инфляцию и т.п.); [Г1]

2) The contractors have recently *put up* the charges again for fuel consumption, driver's expenses and so on.

- A weaker dollar means imports are more expensive, which *puts up* the rate of inflation.

3) выдвигать (идею, аргумент и т.п.); [Г1a]

3) He wants to *put up* the idea of buying a fleet of lorries for the company's own use at the next board meeting.

- Their advantages are nullified (*сводятся к нулю*) when *put up against* these competitors.

4) снабжать деньгами, финансировать, платить вперёд; [Г1a], [Ю]

4) The IMF *put up* \$25m for the project.

- They *put up* the capital and handled the manufacturing and sales, and L. retained control over design and distribution.

5) останавливаться (в гостинице, у друзей и т.п.); размещать, принимать (к.-я.); [L9 (at, for, with)]

5) The passengers *were put up* in a hotel and flown out the next day on another airline.

6) организовывать, устраивать; [Г1a (usu. pass.)]

6) In the 1980s, managers had often *put up* fierce resistance to their firm being bought, not least because they might well lose their jobs.

put up resistance – оказывать сопротивление

- They don't bother to *put up* a fuss.
- Rebels *put up* fierce resistance.

7) **выставлять на продажу;**
[Г1]

7) Compass *put* the two operations *up for sale* in June after it decided they were not core to its contract catering business.

- Harcourt, which had revenues of \$2.14bn last year, in effect, *put itself up for sale* in June, with Goldman Sachs running the auction.

put up with

v adv prep

not fin терпеть; мириться (с ч.-л. или к.-л.); сносить несчастье; [Г1]

- If you *start out* in business, you have to *put up with* the risk of things happening.

- People won't *put up with* a losing situation (*лишениня*) for very long.

- They have to *put up with* things they don't agree with.

- Having suffered the tyranny of Stalin and the butchery of Hitler, the Russian people had to *put up with* decades of material deprivation.

rack up

v adv

infin получать, добывать (*обыкн. в спорте*); [Г1]

- So-called infrastructure companies *rack up* average revenue of \$308,708 per employee.

- He already has *racked up* half a dozen impressive victories.

- The charges have not prevented the conglomerates, known as chaebol, or "fortune clusters", from *racking up* record *profits*.

(*cluster – группа, скопление*)

- He rescued the French bank after his predecessor *racked up* monumental *losses*, prompting one of the biggest bailouts in European history.

rake in

v adv

инфл загребать (деньги и т.п.); [T1 (often continuous tenses)]

• He (a top executive) *raked in* \$166m in the last two years, even though his company was losing money

• Over the years M.Y. *raked in* millions and at times was EMC's highest-paid executive, earning even more than the boss.

rally back

v adv

бирж. снова оживляться (о спросе), снова улучшаться (о ценах и т.п.)

The Dow Jones Industrial Average dipped below 10,000 again, before *rallying back*.

rank with/among

v prep

считать(ся); относить(ся) к (числу, категории и т.п.); приравнивать(ся) к (к.-л. или ч.-л.); [L9 + with/among]

We (Logo) are *ranked with* Coca-Cola and Disney.

red ink

бухг.проф. убытки и долги
to bathe in red ink

• Within months of buying BizMart, as existing stores were expanded and new ones built, *red ink* flowed.

• If not for the one-timers (*бывшие компьютерщики*), Alcatel would have been *bathing in red ink* in the first quarter.

rest with

v prep

быть ответственным за (ч.-л.); лежать на (ч.-л.) ответственности; входить в (ч.-л.) обязанности; [T1 (no pass.)]

• Ultimate power on many issues *rests with* local authorities.

• Although Congress plays an important role in foreign policy, the major responsibility in this area *rests with* the President.

• At present, the decision *rests with* a committee of company directors.

roll back

v adv

понижать до прежнего уровня (*рыночные цены и т.п. посредством правительственных мероприятий*); [Г1]

exp. АмЕ снижать (*цены*), до к.-л. уровня

• He has raised workers' salaries, *rolled back* bus fares.

• Democrats do not want to *roll back* tax cut.

• Attempts to *roll back* gambling or bring it under greater control repeatedly have *run up against* the industry's daunting political clout (*влияние*), state and local governments' addiction to the revenue gambling provides and the public's lack of concern.

roll by

v adv

(о времени) быстро проходить, лететь; [10]

As the years *rolled by*, the mathematicians converted probability from a toy for gamblers into a powerful instrument for organizing interpreting information.

roll in

v adv

not fm! сходитьсь, прибывать в большом количестве; [10 (on) (often continuous tenses)]

• The salary and bonuses will continue to *roll in*.

• To keep his rally going he must keep business *rolling in*.

rally бирж. – оживление (*спроса*); улучшение (*цен*);

roll on

v adv

1) (о времени) проходить, течь; [10]

2) (о событиях) наступать, приближаться; [10 (impet.)]

1) Companies find it increasingly difficult to borrow as the 21st century *rolls on*.

roll out

v adv

1) производить (товары) в массовом количестве: [T1]

2) постепенно внедрять новую продукцию

1) However, Reuters continues to *roll out* new products with impressive regularity.

- Canteen Vending Services, America's largest vendor operator, is *rolling out* fast food items for its cafeteria clients.

- Cable penetration is more established in the US, making it difficult to see how cable modems could be so widely *rolled out* here.

2) Mr. C.'s team is currently investigating in detail how they can *roll out* the new system worldwide to the airline's 65 overseas offices.

- The company is *rolling out* new software products.

round off

v adv

успешно завершать, заканчивать: [T1 (with)]

- More briefly, we can *round off* this discussion by reviewing the influences the employer can exert in the course of collective bargaining.

- The privatization of the gas transporter and distributor *rounded off* last March.

round on/upon

v prep

внезапно обрушиться, накинуться сбранью на (к.-г.); [T1]

- In his speech to the Labour Party Conference, he *rounded on* those hopeless cynics.

- Senior members *rounded on* A.L., the C&G's chief executives, for "selling out" to Lloyds Bank and warned him that they believed the deal was illegal.

round up

v adv

собирать, созывать (*в одно место*); [Г1]She *rounds them up* for elegant soiree.**rub off on/onto**

v adv prep

not fml сказаться на (к.-л.), передаться (к.-л.); [Г1] (no pass.)

- If you have enthusiasm and belief in your idea, then you usually find that will *rub off on* others, even bank managers eventually.

- And the dollar has been boosted by "new paradigm" theories about technology-led growth some of which has *rubbed off to* an increasingly flexible UK economy.

- Because we are often closely identified with such governments, their unpopularity *rubs off on* us.

rule out

v adv

1) исключить, считать невозможным (*ч.-л.*); [Г1]1) We didn't *rule out* the possibility of sporadic strikes.

- Respect for authority and age too often *rules out* any criticism of the boss.

- The Government has *ruled out* signing up for monetary union during its first term of office.

- The possibility of tensions cannot be *ruled out*.

2) предотвращать, делать невозможным; [Г1]

2) Sodexho, which *ruled out* fraud, said it had *called in* an unnamed independent accounting expert "to strengthen our analysis and internal audit process".

- Several leading ECB officials appeared *to rule out* reduction in the run up to the decision.

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bankers who met NASDAQ said it was interested in a merger with LSE but that a hostile bid <i>was ruled out</i>.
<p>run at v prep достигать (к.-л. величины) (о долгах, заказах и т.п.); [IØ (usu. continuous tenses)]</p>	<p>Illegal migration, currently <i>running at</i> about 500,000 a year into both the US and the EU, indicates a breakdown of government control.</p>
<p>run down v adv 1) снижать(ся), сокращать(ся); падать; разрушать(ся); [IØ (often continuous tenses)]</p> <p>2) истратить силы, истощить(ся); [T1 (usu. pass.)]</p>	<p>1) His economic policies were <i>running down</i> one of Africa's strongest economies.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • In December, Mexico slid into a crisis after the government <i>ran down</i> its currency reserves defending the peso. <p>2) After these negotiations I <i>was completely run down</i>.</p>
<p>run into v prep 1) попасть в (неприятное положение), сталкиваться с (трудностями, противодействием); [T1], [D1]</p> <p>2) достигать (к.-то цифры, к.-то кол-ва и т.п.); вылиться в (к.-л. сумму); [T1 (no pass.)]</p>	<p>1) He may <i>have run into</i> a bad patch because he has lost some of his confidence.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Bill (законопроект) has <i>run into</i> considerable and unexpected opposition from both management and unions. • I'm sure we are going to <i>run into</i> a biological clock as far as these business trips are concerned. • Rising demand tends to <i>run into</i> material shortages as well as labour, management and equipment shortages. <p>2) He left debts <i>running into</i> millions.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Damage could <i>run into</i> the millions of dollars.

run on/upon

v prep

(о мыслях, беседе и т.п.)
сосредоточиться на (к.-л.
теме); [T] (по pass.)

He is *running on* an economic plan.

run out

v adv

1) подходить к концу,
истекать (о времени); {IØ}
2) иссякать, кончатся, быть
на исходе; (о кол-ве);
{IØ (of)}

3) *run out the clock* –
esp. AmE (в некоторых
играх с мячом) тянуть
время, перепасовывая друг
другу мяч (в ожидании
конца игры); (often
continuous tenses)

1) Their contract with the company
runs out in 2004.

2) Russia's industrial boomlet is
running out of steam because
consumer spending is failing to keep
step with production.

- Food stocks began *to run out*.
- Before long he *ran out* of cash
- But one thing we never *run out of*
is South African beer.

3) But despite backing from most
First Choice shareholders, Airtours last
month *let the clock run out* on its offer.

run up

v adv

1) увеличивать (долги);
накопить (долги); [T]

2) быстро расти, увеличи-
ваться; {IØ}

1) Under the pact, Hanoi agreed to
pay back the debts *run up* by South
Vietnam to buy grain and build power
stations.

2) The price *had been run up* ahead
of the negotiations on a mixture of trade
and speculative buying.

run up against

v adv prep

infrml столкнуться, встре-
титься с (к.-л. или ч.-л.); {T}

CISCO is beginning to *run up*
against formidable new competitors.

rush into

v prep

действовать поспешно,
слишком спешить (сделать
ч.-л.); [T1]

Given California's experience, Russia should not *rush into* a simplistic reorganization of its electricity monopoly.

saddle with

v prep

поплатиться (х.-л.
или себя) тяжелой работой,
тяжелую обязанность и т.п.;
обременять (долгами);
[D] (often pass.)

This country is not *saddled with* foreign debts and trade imbalances.

scale back

v adv

сократить, уменьшить (кол-
во, размер, величину и т.п.)

- The project was *scaled back*.
- The government *scaled back* state television operations.
- Markets had begun to *scale back* expectations of monetary tightening from the Federal Reserve earlier in the week after a week purchasing managers' report.
- The research institute have *scaled back* an ambitious joint research pact.

scale down

v adv

снижать, уменьшать
(цифры); [T1]

- The company decided to *scale down* its massively loss-making automotive (автомобильный) operation.
- The company *scaled down* production at its two factories.

scare away

v adv

отпугивать (к.-л.)

They cut costs so drastically that they *scared away* customers.

scoop up

v adv

1) применяться в большом кол-ве, масштабе

2) загрэбать (*деньги и т.п.*); разг. заграбастать (*акции и т.п.*), амер.разг. получать большую прибыль, большой куш (*в результате удачной спекуляции*)1) These video systems were *scooped up* for use in households throughout Japan.2) In recent years, more overseas financial firms have looked to *scoop up* U.S. asset-management concerns.• IBM and Hitachi *swept in* (*вытэваться*) and *scooped up* (*заграбастать*) business.**scramble for**

v prep

устранять свалку в погоне за (ч.-л.); действовать как понало

Everyone is *scrambling for* market share.**see over**

v prep

осматривать (*дом и т.п.*); знакомиться с (ч.-л.); [T1]Mr. D. asks if he can *see over* the factory itself to see how some of the office furniture is made.**see round**

v prep

осматривать помещение; осматривать достопримечательности (к.-л. места); [X9 + round]

• Would you like to *see round* the factory first?• Miss G. will *see you round* the factory.**sell (buy) for a song**

продать/купить (ч.-л.) дешево

Germany's AEG was happy to *sell* its motor business to LJ (Singapore) *for a song*.**sell off**

v adv

1) распродавать по низкой цене, устраивать распродажу; [T1]

1) Administrators from Ernst & Young are *selling off* pieces of firm.

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • However, most observers say that the government won't be able to reach the target unless it <i>sells off</i> a slice of ENEL. • We had entered a period of <i>selling off</i> our economy's flagship enterprises.
<p>sell out v adv 1) устраивать распродажу (<i>всего магазина, склада и т.п.</i>); распродавать весь товар; [Ю] 2) <i>АтЕ</i> вынуждать (к.-л.) продать всё для покрытия долгов; [Т1 (often pass.)]</p>	<p>1) He intends to <i>sell out</i> his share of the business and retire.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • This consignment of handsets <i>is sold out</i>. <p>2) GM (General Motors) <i>is virtually sold out of</i> 2003 cars, and 2004 models are just being shipped.</p>
<p>send down v adv снижать (<i>цены, температуру и т.п.</i>); [Т1]</p>	<p>News that anti-trust regulators had failed to approve the takeover of FC Energy by the Shell group <i>sent</i> the former <i>down</i> to NZ \$7.62.</p>
<p>send round v adv рассылать (<i>сообщения</i>); [Т1 + round]</p>	<p>The general office also deals with the mail: the staff open all the letters in the morning and <i>send</i> them <i>round</i> to the appropriate offices.</p>
<p>set about v prep начинать (<i>делать ч.-л.</i>), приступать (<i>к ч.-л.</i>); [Т1 (pass. rare)]</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The investors <i>set about</i> hunting bargains among tech stocks. • He <i>set about</i> revolutionizing the company. • He <i>set about</i> collecting a group of managers who shared his philosophy.

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • There were six E-mail messages waiting for me. Then <i>I set about</i> composing my replies.
<p>set aside v adv 1) сохранять, экономить (<i>время, деньги</i>); [T1]</p> <p>2) не замечать (ч.-з.), не принимать в расчет (ч.-л.), не учитывать; [T3]</p>	<p>1) How much capital financial firms should <i>set aside</i> against risks going wrong is the trickiest decision international regulators have to make.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • So far he has 4000 pounds <i>set aside</i> as a deposit. <p>2) It is not surprising that the experience of the Anglo-American alliance in the war against Hitler proved difficult to <i>set aside</i>.</p>
<p>set down v adv устанавливать (<i>правила</i>); определять (ч.-л.); [T1], [T5], [T6], [D5]</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Many international agencies <i>have set down</i> rigid procedures to be followed when their funds are required. • Implementation of the project will be based on procedures <i>set down</i> during the two earlier phases. • No limit is <i>set down</i> for the length of time any employee may spend in the refreshment zone. • The Tory euro-enthusiasts say they must <i>set down</i> their true views so that they are free to campaign for a Yes vote in a referendum on joining the single currency.
<p>set forth v adv <i>fully</i> излагать, объяснять (ч.-з.); [T1 (in) (usu. pass.)]</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • He boldly, eloquently <i>sets forth</i> his agenda: cutting taxes, curbing antibusiness regulations, effectively fighting crime.

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The author's goal is clearly to <i>set forth</i> some rather complex economic ideas. • Some of those views are <i>set forth</i> in this paper.
<p>set in v adv</p> <p>1) наступать, устанавливаться (обыкн. о плохой погоде или плохих условиях); [10] = <i>to begin</i></p> <p>2) <i>set sth in motion</i> – начинать что-л.; инициировать:</p>	<p>1) Disillusionment inevitably <i>set in</i>.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Disillusionment with F.'s dictatorial leadership <i>set in</i>. • But reality <i>set in</i> almost immediately as News Corp. began lobbying the government for permission to transmit local broadcast channels via satellite. (<i>вернулось ощущение реальности</i>) <p>2) <i>The process Mr. N. set in motion</i> eventually may produce the result he sought.</p>
<p>set off v adv</p> <p>1) вызвать (ч.-л.), особенно ненамеренно; [T1]</p> <p>2) отправиться в дорогу; <i>set out, start off</i>. [10 (for, on)]</p> <p>3) выделить (ч.-л. или к.-л.); [T1 (in, by) (usu. pass.)]</p> <p>4) уравнивать, покрывать (долг); [T1 (against, by)]</p>	<p>1) A stock market crash on Wall Street <i>set off</i> the global Great Depression.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Asia's dramatic economic downturn began more than a year ago, <i>setting off</i> recessions across the region. • Ironically, this success <i>set off</i> a nasty two-month conflict with the governor. <p>2) We <i>set off for</i> London at 6 o'clock in the evening.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • He <i>set off for</i> the south coast on business. <p>3) They tend <i>to set</i> managers <i>off</i> from the rest of us.</p> <p>4) His debts have been <i>set off</i> by the price of his house and store.</p>

set out

v adv

1) начать (к.-л.) деятельность; начать работать; [L9 (as, in, on)]

2) намереваться сделать (ч.-л.); [L3]

3) отправиться в дорогу; [IØ (for, on)]

4) излагать (причины, идеи и т.п.); [T1]

5) разложить (ч.-л.) для обозрения; раскинуть (ч.-л.); [T1 (often pass.)]

6) разработать план (чего-л.)

7) оформить (ч.-л.); [T1]

1) In 1947 P. Samuelson, later awarded the Nobel prize for economics, *set out* to apply the principles of thermodynamics to economics.

• Building craftsmen could *set out* and erect buildings from the information given in simple outline drawings.

2) I never *set out* to make money.

• Mr. X., who was educated at Oxford, did not *set out* to be an entrepreneur.

• It is assumed that firms *set out* to maximize profits.

• He has now accomplished the majority of the tasks he *set out* to do.

• All studies *set out* to measure job satisfaction.

3) Drivers should *set out* with a good city map.

• They *set out for* North Carolina.

4) He *set out* his vision for the future of the IMF.

• He attempted to *set out* the rights and duties of his employees.

• They must meet the criteria *set out* in the Maastricht treaty.

5) The vendors were seen *setting out* their wares.

6) General Electric of the US has *set out* an ambitious programme of e-commerce for its European operations.

7) She *sets* her letters *out* well, although I wouldn't say she was the world's fastest worker.

set up

v adv

1) воздвигать; ставить (ч.-л.);
настраивать (ч.-л.); [T1]

2) образовывать, сформировывать (ч.-л.); открывать (школу, практику);
учреждать/создавать: [T1]

3) устанавливать (правила и т.п.); [T1]

4) подготавливать или организовывать (ч.-л.); [T1]

5) оказывать (к.-л.) помощь или поддержку; [T1]

1) The workers *were setting up* roadblocks.

• This platform *was set up* through a partnership with Eurex.

2) He *set up* the first rubber parts factory in upper Egypt.

• He had two options: to work for another company or *set up* on his own.

• The two groups have further *agreed to set up* a joint venture company.

3) We are going to *set up* the rules for how to predict the future.

• Congress *set up* the law to avoid corruption.

4) Specialist retailers have tended to *set up* to supply householders with materials.

settle down

v adv

успокаивать(ся), обрести равновесие; стабилизировать(ся) (о рынке, валютном курсе); [10]

Mr. H. said he could not foresee large Japanese capital flows abroad again "just because the dollar *settles down* for a few days."

settle for

v prep

быть вынужденным принять (ч.-л.); примириться с (ч.-л.); соглашаться на (ч.-л.); [T1], [T4]

You might have to change careers and *settle temporarily for* less pay or longer hours.

settle on/upon

v prep

остановиться (на чем-л.), решить (ч.-л.); [T1], [T4], [T6]

Gold and money were *settled upon* in very early times as common medium of exchange.

sew up

v adv

1) *not finl* обеспечить себе, закрепить за собой2) (*usu. pass.*) заключить (делку), завершить (переговоры)*infinl* уладить, закончить; [T1] (*usu. pass.*)1) He believed he had to act fast before others *sewed up* the potentially lucrative market for stores selling computers.2) We were told to *sew* the contract *up*.- to *finalize sth, to secure sth***shake up**

v adv

not finl реорганизовать (ч.-л.) [T1]• He *shook up* management structure and sold major business divisions.• He *shook up* GE's management structure and sold major business divisions.• Mr. C. was appointed as vice-president and given freedom to *shake things up*.**shape up**

v adv

not finl подавать надежды; делать успехи; [L9 ÷ (*usu. continuous tenses*)]This year is *shaping up* to be a record one for deals. (*все говорит о том, что; похоже, что*)**shave off**

v adv

уменьшать, сокращать (цену и т.п.) на какую-л. небольшую величину

They *shaved* 20% *off* the price.**shell out**

v adv

infinl платить, выкладывать деньги, *обыкн.* неохотноHe *shelled out* \$350 million to *spruce up* 70 of the 120 resorts.(*spruce up* - приводить в порядок, разг.)

shop around/round

v adv

1) сравнивать цены в разных магазинах, присматривать товар в разных магазинах: [IØ (for)]

2) *not fml* присматриваться, прежде чем решить, [IØ (for)]

1) The prices are different. It is worth *shopping around*.

2) He *shops around*, finds the deal is unbeatable (превосходный, непревзойденный), and comes back to the dealer with the terrific proposition.

shoot up

v adv

быстро подняться, взлететь: [IØ]

• The company's shares *shot up* \$2 to \$6 yesterday.

• Sales and marketing expenses *shot up* from \$200,000 in 1998 to \$6 m.

• The number of countries rescheduling debts and the amounts rescheduled, *shot up* last year.

• But X. rates this flat as his best investment, because it *has shot up* in value by 1100,000 in the past four months.

shove aside

v adv

= push aside

not fml заставлять (к.-л.) уступить место (ком.-л.), выталкивать (к.-л.); [T1a (usu. pass.)]

To shove Microsoft aside as the biggest software company on the planet – Oracle must succeed where it has repeatedly failed: in applications software.

show up

v adv

1) *not fml* приезжать, прибывать; (по)являться, приходить; [IØ]

1) He was scheduled to attend the press conference, but failed to *show up*.

• They gave a great party, and nobody *showed up*.

2) выгодно отличаться, выделяться; выявляться, обнаруживаться

• The first reasonably reliable estimates aren't likely to *show up* until next week.

2) Like France, Korea did not *show up well* in our recent "*Clusters of Excellence*" (May 28), which ranked countries based on their friendliness to entrepreneurs.

shut down

v adv

1) прекращать выпуск продукции, закрываться (о бизнесе, фабрике); [10]
– to make sth stop operating

1) The bank was to be *shut down*.

• Their intention was to *shut down* redundant state agencies.

• It looks like one big dirty trick, an attempt by a big airline to stifle entrepreneurial companies and *shut down* competition. (устранить конкуренцию)

• Factories *have been shut down* since September to clear Beijing's acrid air.

• When you've been active all your life, you just don't *shut it down* (уже не можете жить по-другому).

2) распустить (партию и т.п.)

2) This party would be *shut down* if it *went ahead with* plans to write a new draft constitution on its own.

3) избавиться от (конкуренции)

3) It was an attempt by a big airline to stifle entrepreneurial companies and *shut down* competition.

sign on

v adv

1) заниматься на работу; [10]
sign on with someone = to sign an agreement to work with or for someone, especially on a ship

1) At a time when even the biggest, most successful corporations watch every penny, isn't it curious that so many of these same corporations are so eager to *sign on* as Olympic sponsors?

2) нанимать (к.-т.) на работу; [Т1]
3) *ВrE* записываться, отмечаться как безработный; [Ю]

• After graduating, he *signed on with* Federal Express, where he spent 16 years in sales and information-management jobs.

sign up

v adv

1) нанимать(ся) на работу; записываться(ся) (*на учебный курс*); [Ю (for)], [Т1 (for)], [I3]
2) подписать контракт (с к.-л.); [Т1]
взять на себя обязательство действовать в соответствии с (*контрактом, договоренностью и т.п.*)

1) Mrs S. was the 72nd lawyer *to sign up* to work in The Hague.

2) The trade and industry secretary said the policies Labour had *signed up* to would *result in* a huge burden on business and an end to economic recovery.

• Warner Brothers Inc. has not *signed up* to have its television channels carried on CanalSatellite's digital service.

• Sony is hustling *to sign up* licensees for its "Memory stick," a memory chip product for storing music and other digital information.

• I am ready *to sign up* for this service.

siphon off

v adv

not finl перекачивать (*деньги*), направлять (*деньги*) на другие нужды; [Т1 (from, into)]

He suspected that much of the \$4 billion in loans sent to Russia last summer by the IMF may have been *siphoned off* improperly.

sit around/about

v adv prep

сидеть без дела; [Ю + around/about]

• You want to be sure that meetings produce plans, that you don't just *sit around* talking philosophy.

• He isn't *sitting around* waiting for the laws to change.

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Action should be taken immediately. <i>Sitting around</i> does not work; getting up and planning how to regain employment will.
<p>sit at/on v adv быть членом (к.-л. комиссии и т.п.), занимать пост (в к.-л. учреждении), быть членом правления (комитета)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • They <i>sit at</i> the International Monetary Fund. • Former executives of the company could not <i>sit on</i> the audit committee.
<p>sit back v adv <i>not fml</i> отстраняться, уклоняться; {IØ}</p>	<p>If we <i>sit back</i> and wait for the digital age to come to us on terms defined by others, we won't be able to do better with the challenges.</p>
<p>sit by v adv быть безучастным, быть бездеятельным; {IØ}</p>	<p>For too long, lower-income Americans have been the <i>dumping ground</i> (свалка) for pollution, and public agencies have, at best, silently <i>sat by</i>.</p>
<p>sit in v adv присутствовать (где-л.) в качестве наблюдателя; {IØ (on)}</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Having opportunities to <i>sit in on</i> meetings as observers was especially helpful. • The Press secretary <i>sits in on</i> many meetings where presidential decisions are made. • This year he regularly <i>sits in on</i> a presentation-training seminar put on for Web start-up FreeZone.com.

sit on

v prep

быть членом (комитета);
[T1]

These executives *sit on* the supervisory board, insuring that ideas and technologies are shared.

slack off= *slacken off* v adv

затухать, становиться менее активным; [IØ]

Demand had *slackened off* after two recessions and the arrival of cheap imitations.

slim down

v adv

уменьшать(ся); худеть;
[IØ - down], [T1 + down]

The company was *slimmed down* and restructured.

slip back

not fml не улучшаться;
становиться хуже; откатываться назад,
[IØ (often continuous tenses)]

The economy is *slipping back* into recession.

slow down/up

v adv

1) снижать активность; [IØ]

1) The domestic economy started to *slow down* six years ago.

• Business committees overseeing the groups' operations under this system were *slowing down* decisions and making personal accountability hard to enforce.

2) снижать (выпуск продукции, темпы развития и т.п.); [T1]

2) Conservatives in China have, so far, managed to *slow down* the pace of change like a swimmer wading inch by inch into cold water.

snap up

v adv

1) *not fml* подхватить (ч.-л. или к.-л.), перехватить (ч.-л. или к.-л.); расхватать,

1) They have *snapped up* small private companies and made little secret of growth ambitions.

разобрать; [T1]

- Mr. S. had *snapped up* \$187 million worth of property.
- Media magnates will be free to *snap up* government contracts and buy stakes in state companies earmarked for privatization.
- Most of the bonds were *snapped up* by Italian investors, who pay no withholding tax on bonds issued by the World Bank.

snatch up

v adv

схватить (ч.-л. или к.-л.),
подхватить (ч.-л. или к.-л.);
раскупать, расхватывать;
поглотить (компанию и
т.п.); [T1 + up]

In the past week alone, Deutsche Bank have announced that it is looking to *snatch up* overseas companies.

sneak out of

v adv prep

тайно вывозить; украдкой
уходить; [X9 + out + of].
[L9 + out + of]

People are trying to *sneak* dollars *out of* the country.

sock away

v adv

AmE not fin! откладывать
(деньги); [T1]

The average Chinese household *socks away* more than 40 percent of earnings – more than twice as much as households in Japan.

sop up

v adv

потреблять в очень малых
количествах; [T1]

Tokyo is returning to its old ways of flooding the world with exports while *sopping up* relatively modest amounts of goods made elsewhere.

sort out

v adv

1) улаживать (проблемы), разбираться (в делах); урегулировать; найти выход (из кризиса и т.п.); [T1]

2) приводить (ч.-л. или себя) в порядок, выправлять, наладивать; [T1b (often pass.)]

3) решить (ч.-л.); определиться в отношении (ч.-л.)

4) наводить порядок; дисциплинировать (к.-л.); [T1]

1) We *sorted* things *out* after the world's largest banking swindle.

• This was an attempt to *sort out* the problem.

• We have a lot of questions which we need to *sort out* as rapidly as possible.

• I just had a few crises to *sort out*.

2) If the mess of connecting TV sets, cable boxes, video games and video recorders can be *sorted out* by digital home software, I am all for it.

• *The enterprise* (смелая инициатива; = EU expansion) needs both leadership and democracy if it is to *sort itself out*, let alone move forward.

3) *Having closed the chapter on* (перевернув страницу) the bank's dark past, Mr. P. now must *sort out* the bank's uncertain future.

sound out

v adv

пытаться выяснить намерения (к.-л.); [T1 (on. about)]

• I really wanted to *sound you out* about the future.

• Mr. Iacocca, impressed by the unorthodoxy of this approach, began *sounding him out*.

soup up

v adv

inform повышать, увеличивать мощность (ч.-л., особ. мотору); [T1 (often pass.)]

• Central Europe still badly needs foreign capital to *soup up* its factories and boost exports.

• Russia desperately needs investments if it's to *soup up* industry, bolster (поддерживать, способ-

<p>spare from v prep обойтись (без ч.-я.)</p>	<p><i>сэкономить</i>) exports, and <i>whittle down</i> (ослабить, уменьшить) that trade deficit.</p>
<p>speak out v adv свободно, откровенно высказываться; [IØ (against, about)]</p>	<p>The company's research and development team won't be <i>spared from</i> the "re-engineering" of the company's structure.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • He is to be applauded for the courage he has shown in <i>speaking out against</i> the Establishment. • They have no rights to <i>speak out about</i> their conditions, wages, benefits. • The time to <i>speak out</i> has come only now.
<p>speak up v adv открыто высказаться; [IØ]</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • It won't save him from redundancy. – No, but that's when we can <i>speak up</i>. • My personal conclusion is that transition to market economy countries should <i>speak up to</i> the industrial countries and accelerate their structural reforms.
<p>spell out v adv <i>not find</i> разъяснить детали или значение (ч.-я.); [T1]</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The task is <i>spelled out</i> step by step. • Provided that the strategic logic was clearly <i>spelt out</i>, we believe that the market reaction to such a deal on a merger basis would be positive. • He has not yet <i>spelled out</i> the details.

spin off

v adv

not finl дать дополнительно; неожиданно возникнуть (*из ч.-л.*); быть дополнительным продуктом или результатом; [Г1]

- Postbank was *spin off* from the former Bundespost, to prepare for its eventual sale.

- This company was *spin off* from the PTT in 2003.

- This summer, TANDY will *spin off* its manufacturing division.

- Wall Street investors speculated that Philip Morris, a diversified group best known for its highly profitable cigarette businesses, would *spin off* some of its businesses.

split up

v adv

not finl (о двух и больше людях) разойтись; [10]

X.W. *split up* with his business partners. (*рассатся с*)

spruce up

v adv

not finl приводить в порядок (ч.-л., к.-л. или себя); принаряжать; [Г1]

- Ford also needs to *spruce up* its product range.

- The company has been especially active in an effort to *spruce up* the tarnished *image* of the Russian business community by donating money to charities.

spring up

v adv

not finl внезапно начаться; быстро возникнуть; [10]

- Computer clubs and entertainment centres are *springing up*.

- New types of school will *spring up* in almost every town.

- New cooperatives are *springing up* throughout the country.

<p>stamp out v adv <i>not fml</i> подавлять (ч.-л.); искоренять: [Г1]</p>	<p>The government is committed to <i>stamping out</i> corruption.</p>
<p>stand at v prep (о сумме, уровне) доходить (до определенной отмет- ки); [L1 (по pass.)]</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • On Thursday, the Greek currency <i>stood at</i> 329.50 drachmas to the euro. • The public sector borrowing requirement <i>stood at</i> \$4.7 billion in April.
<p>stand behind v prep поддерживать (к.-л.); [Г1 (по passive)]</p>	<p>In practice, investors will presume that the Government would <i>stand behind</i> the Post Office (UK) in the event of a crisis.</p>
<p>stand out v adv 1) выгодно отличаться, выделяться: [Ю (from)]</p> <p>2) быть заметным, выде- ляться: [Ю]</p>	<p>1) They managed to <i>stand out from</i> the other firms.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Curiously, what <i>stands out</i> about this book is its unique approach to this economic problem. <p>2) Russia and India <i>stand out for</i> the quality and quantity of their software engineers.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • These enterprises <i>stand out in</i> their capacity for economic performance, for economic results. • People in the West try to work as a team, because it is very difficult as an individual to <i>stand out</i>.
<p>stand up against v adv prep = <i>stand up to</i> противостоять (обыкн. кому-л.); [Г1]</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The market model is able to <i>stand up against</i> its rivals.

• If you decide to *stand up against* such social evils, you have to be fully prepared – physically, mentally and spiritually.

stand up for

v adv prep

1) поддерживать, защищать (к.-л. или ч.-л.); отстаивать (интересы и т.п.); [T1]

2) настаивать (на своих правах). [T1]

1) He is perceived as being strong and decisive in *standing up for* Russian interests.

• He said he would *stand up firmly for* Britain's interests.

• In a world of compromise, there was the ACL (= the American Civil Liberties Union) *standing up for* principle.

2) If an employer is willing to *stand up for* his rights, he can win.

• He was prepared to *stand up for* his rights whatever happened.

stand up to (or against)

v adv prep

1) противостоять (обыкн. к.-л.); [T1]

2) соответствовать (чему-л.) по качеству; [T1]

1) The financial system *stood up to* this shock remarkably well.

• Italian judges and priests brave enough to *stand up to* the Mafia have been murdered.

• Some Chinese officials have said it is time to *stand up to* American economic muscle, meeting sanctions with countersanctions against American goods or companies operating in China.

• It was difficult for him to *stand up to* an all-powerful chairman.

2) Most Russian car models don't *stand up to* foreign ones.

<p>start over v adv <i>AmE not finl</i> начать снова, [IO + over]</p>	<p>This failure sent her to the sidelines. But soon she will be ready to try again. She has <i>started over</i> so many times.</p>
<p>stay out of v adv prep не иметь (<i>неприятностей</i>), не влезать (<i>в долги</i>), не касаться (<i>чужих дел и т.п.</i>); [TI (no pass.)]</p>	<p>United Airlines is expected to seek Chapter 11 protection from creditors, ending a hard-fought battle to <i>stay out of bankruptcy</i>.</p>
<p>step down v adv уйти со своего поста; [IO]</p>	<p>He was forced to <i>step down from</i> chairmanship.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • He will replace D.H., who <i>steps down from</i> the board. • The minister decided to <i>step down over (uz-sa)</i> policy differences with a newly appointed official. • Hyundai Group said members of its founding family <i>would step down from</i> management posts as part of a corporate restructuring.
<p>step in v adv вмешиваться; включаться; [IO]</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The forestry and paper industry could generate as much as \$100 billion per year for the Russian economy if the government <i>steps in with</i> major support. • Regulators need to <i>step in to</i> ensure that there will be meaningful competition with this new generation of Internet services, including interactive television.

• W.C. Ford Jr. *stepped in and pushed out* the CEO, J. Nasser, as the company deteriorated.

step up

v adv

1) *not fml* увеличивать(ся),
приращивать; [Г1]

2) подняться куда-л.;
подняться по служебной
лестнице на к.-л. должность;
[L9 + up]

1) These companies will *step up* efforts to sell their products.

• They have *stepped up* their activities to obtain this information.

• Several key European Central Bank officials *stepped up* warnings of risks to price stability.

• The management team seems certain to *step up* rather than *down*, in its ambitions.

• We need to *step up* the pace of restructuring.

2) Mr. E.B. will *step up to* chief executive officer of Seagram, the international drinks group, at the annual shareholders' meeting.

stock up

v adv

запасаться (товаром).
создавать запас; наполнять
(дом/магазин товаром);
[T1 + up (for, on, with)]

Poles (жители Польши) *stocked up on* sugar, petrol and other items in advance of the price rises.

straighten out

1) уладить (ч.-л.), разобрать-
ся с (ч.-л.), прояснить (ч.-л.);
[T1]

= *sort out*

2) исправлять (к.-л.)

1) Europe began *straightening out* this misunderstanding.

• He meant to *straighten* that budget *out*.

2) He hopes to help *straighten out* some of the boys *gone bad*.

<p>strip off v adv <i>infml be stripped off one's post</i> – лишиться должности</p>	<p><i>She was stripped off her post.</i></p>
<p>stump up v adv <i>BrE not fml</i> выкладывать деньги; платить, <i>обыкн.</i> неохотно; [Ю (for)]</p>	<p><i>The government will stump up the millions required to refurbish the palace.</i></p>
<p>surge back v adv отхлынуть, отпрянуть; наблюдается замедление темпов роста (<i>в экономике</i>)</p>	<p><i>The German economy is surging back.</i></p>
<p>swallow up v adv поглощать; [T1]</p>	<p><i>For many families, the values embedded in the business keep them from selling out to a much bigger company that would swallow them up.</i></p>
<p>take away from v adv prep лишать (кого-л. чего-л); [T1]</p>	<p><i>This company (a consumer electronics retailer) is taking market share away from smaller retailers.</i></p>
<p>take down v adv разрушить (здание, систему и т.п.), разобрать (ч.-л); [T1] обанкротить</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>This company's failure will probably take down the Texas banking system.</i> • <i>Had the market started to fear that some payments would not be cleared, the resulting panic could easily have taken down one or more big global banks and many of their clients as well.</i>

take in

v adv

1) обманывать, надувать (к.-л.); вводить в заблуждение. [Г] (often pass.)

2) понять сущность (ч.-л.); усвоить, разобраться в (ч.-л.); 1) брать (жильцов); [Г]

1) брать (работу) на дом; [Г]

1) собирать (к.-л. сумму денег и т.п.); запасаться; [Г]

1) They have been *taken in* by this propaganda machine.

• They might have been *taken in* by his soft-spoken style or background in academia.

2) We need more time *to take in* the situation. (*разобраться в ситуации*)

3) Do you *take in* lodgers? (*жителей – lodger*)

4) She earns money by *taking in* sewing.

5) Italian mutual funds *took in* a net 4.06 euro in June, down 71% from 14 billion euro a year earlier. In May, mutual funds *took in* a net 11.61 billion euro

take off

v adv

1) начинаться; [Ю]

2) получать развитие, иметь успех, успешно развиваться (*о плане, идее*); [Ю]

3) брать выходной день; не работать в течение некоторого времени; [Г]

4) (о самолете) взлетать, отрываться от земли; [Ю]

1) His career *took off* in 1990.

• This new European currency (*Евро*) *took off* in 1999.

2) Clearly, e-business is *taking off*. (*решительно входит в нашу жизнь*)

• His business has *taken off*; he's thriving. (*пошел в гору*)

• The market is likely to have already *taken off*.

3) It is not uncommon for injured workers, who might ordinarily be expected to *take time off*, to be provided with "lighter duties" so they continue to attend their workplace.

• May I *take* next Friday *off*. Sir?

4) The plane *took off* in a cloud of dust.

<p>5) уменьшать, сбавлять, снижать; снимать (цены, налоги); [T1]</p>	<p>5) He <i>took off</i> \$20 of my salary as a fine for breach of discipline.</p>
<p>take on v adv 1) нанимать (работника); брать (в ученики); [T1]</p> <p>2) брать (на себя) ответственность, нагрузку и т.п.; [T1]</p>	<p>1) Employers are <i>taking on</i> new workers.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For salesmen we <i>take on</i> only professionals with solid backgrounds. • They <i>take on</i> job-seekers on wages initially well below the going union rate. • New staff will be <i>taken on</i> as and when external contracts are won. <p>2) These investors are <i>taking on</i> the extra risk.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • He <i>took on</i> the formidable challenge of restructuring the Lego company. • Western managers working in Russia find it difficult to <i>take on</i> the ideas of the Russian colleagues. (воспринимать идеи)
<p>take out v adv 1) приглашать (к.-л.) в ресторан, на выставку и т.п.; светски развлекать (к.-л.); [T1 (for, to)] 2) получать (пропуск, лицензию и т.п.); получать (права) на (ч.-л.); [T1]</p>	<p>1) He is <i>taking</i> the client <i>out</i> for dinner.</p> <p>2) If she <i>hadn't taken out</i> insurance she would have been left with a medical bill for thousands.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • When a company, or a person, <i>takes out</i> an insurance policy it is very often an all-risks policy, that is, it insures the goods or property against almost anything that might happen.

take over

в пдв

1) прийти к власти; взять управление в свои руки; взять под свой контроль и управление: [T]a (from)]

2) принимать (должность, обязанности и т.п.) у кого-л. другого: [T]a (from)]

1) Mr. Wang Yung-ching is still expected eventually *to take over* the family business but is likely to stay overseas.

- Spain *took over* the rotating EU (*European Union*) presidency on January 1, 2002.

- Only 17 banks had been *taken over* by other banks.

2) Mr. X, who *took over* as a vice-chairman in January, has devised a strategy to put the company back on a growth path.

- In a year he will be a step closer to *taking over from* the President.

- Computers will *take over* some jobs

- Military personnel are preparing *to take over* the fire-fighters' role in tackling emergency.

take round

в прер

показывать (к.-л.) достопримечательности (ч.-л.); [D]1

Perhaps I could *take* Mr. D. *round* the factory for you.

take to

в прер

1) проявлять интерес, симпатию к (к.-л. или ч.-л.); потянуться к (к.-л. или ч.-л.); [T]1 (no pass.)

1) The shop serving *fish and chips* was an experiment to see whether the Japanese would *take to* the product.

- They exhibit no resistance to these new things, and in fact, they *take to* these things aggressively. (*стать приверженцем; относиться с энтузиазмом; увлекаться*)

- American reporters, especially the newcomers, *took to* him, and he briefed them on Vietnamese politics.

2) *пристраститься к* (ч.-л.);
[T] (no pass.)

3) *take to streets* – выйти на
улицу (с протестом)

2) The newspapers have *taken to*
calling for dialogue with America and
Britain.

3) Citizens *took to streets* to protest
the closure of the factory.

take up

v adv

1) *поднимать, нести* (ч.-л.)
наверх; *вести* (к.-л.) *наверх*;
[X9 ↑ up (to)]

2) *приступать к* (*работе,*
исполнению обязанностей
и т.п.); [T!]

3) *рассмотреть* (*проблему*);
поднять вопрос (о ч.-л.);
[T] (with)

1) Amsterdam jumped 3.4 per cent or
22.42 *to take* the AEX index *up to* within
10 points of the March record at 677.92,
in robust trading volumes.

2) He will *take up* work as an
independent analyst.

• The Japanese can encourage foreign
scientists to *take up* appointments in
Japan and their own scientists to spend
time working in the West.

3) We'll *take up* some of the more
complex practical issues raised in Part
Y of this book.

• Officialdom (*бюрократический*
аппарат) is *taking up* the issue.

talk into

v prep

уговорить (к.-л.) *сделать*
(ч.-л.); [D1], [V4b]

• He sought last week to *talk* his
skeptical Labour Party *into* supporting
action against Iraq.

• He tried to *talk her into* joining the
company.

• People are *taking part* in politics
when they try to *talk* their neighbours
into supporting a candidate they favor.

talk out of

v adv prep

уговорить (*убедить*) (к.-л.)
отказаться от (ч.-л.); *отгово-*
рить (к.-л.) *от* (ч.-л.); [D1]

• Fortunately, he was *talked out of*
doing this.

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The government can't <i>talk</i> the economy <i>out of</i> recession. (<i>вывести из состояния спада</i>) • Officially, we have not <i>talked</i> them <i>out of</i> it yet.
<p>talk over v adv 1) переговорить, обсудить; [T1 (with)] 2) уговорить (к.-л.) изменить свою точку зрения; [T1b]</p>	<p>1) I want to <i>talk</i> this <i>over</i> with you.</p> <p>2) The sales manager was able to <i>talk</i> the managing director <i>over</i>, and he agreed to send their new product to the exhibition.</p>
<p>taper off v adv убывать, сходиться на нет, уменьшаться; [IØ] [T1 (often pass.)]</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • India's brain drain (<i>«утечка мозгов»</i>) is beginning to <i>taper off</i>. • The selling (<i>продажа, сбыт</i>) of this car model is being <i>tapered off</i> as the demand for it is falling.
<p>tear down v adv разбирать (ч.-л.) на части; снимать, разрушать (<i>барьеры и т.п.</i>); [T1]</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mr. Aznar said it was time to <i>tear down</i> barriers to the creation of a single European market in energy • Mr. Gorbachev was in Germany talking about <i>tearing down</i> the Berlin wall.
<p>tell apart v adv = <i>tell from</i> различать, видеть разницу; отличать; [T1b]</p>	<p>Nobody can <i>tell</i> these economic systems <i>apart</i> anymore.</p>

tell from

v prep

различать, отличать по (ч.-л., к.-л. признаку); [T1+ from]

You can barely *tell* your own products *from* your competitor's.**tempt away**

v adv

= *tempt from*сманить, переманить;
увести от (ч.-л. или к.-л.),
соблазнив чем-л.;
[T] + from (with)]An ambitious young man like J.M. could easily *be tempted away* by another firm.**think out**

v adv

тщательно продумывать;
додумывать до конца; [T1]

- The business plan has been carefully *thought out* by the entrepreneurial team.

- This plan is under-resourced (*недофинансирован*) and incompletely *thought out*. (*не до конца продуман*)

think over

серьезно подумать, поразмышлять наедине; взвешивать в мыслях; [T1b]

He will *think* the matter *over* and contact me later.**think through**

v adv

= *think over*тщательно продумать
(вопрос); [T1b]

- So, the government's role has to be *thought through* carefully and you will need to combine market and government roles.

- Labour party had not *thought through* properly its policy on the issue of trade union recognition.

- The German management seemed to *have thought through* every detail

	to smooth the inevitable clashes of culture and style.
think up v ndv придумать, предлагать; выдвинуть идею; [T1]	No laws will work if they are <i>thought up</i> and implemented top-down.
tighten up v adv усиливать(ся), ужесточать (ся); [T1], [IØ(он)]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The government is <i>tightening up</i> the tax regulation. • The government watchdog (контрольно-наблюдательный комитет) for accounting standards <i>tightened up</i> the existing tax rules. • The banks, saddled with huge debts (обремененные долгами), <i>tighten up on</i> lending.
top off v adv 1) достичь высшей отметки, подняться очень высоко; [IØ] 2) <i>not fml</i> завершить (ч.-л.) (особенно успешно); [T1]	1) Oil prices <i>topped off</i> in January. 2) G.R., former chairman of Granada, <i>topped off</i> a highly paid career by making \$8 m during the company's complex merger with Compass catering group last year.
tote up = tot up = total up v adv <i>not fml</i> складывать, сумми- ровать; [T1]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • He <i>totes up</i> total damages. • It's easy to make mistakes <i>toting up</i> the cost of disasters.

turn around/round

v adv

1) улучшаться, меняться к лучшему (о бизнесе и т.п.); [10]

2) изменить, перевернуть, подойти с другой стороны; [11]

3) завершить все необходимые процедуры

4) закончить маршрут и поворачивать в обратный путь (обычн. о судне или самолёте); [10]

turn down

v adv

не принимать (что-л. или кого-л.); отклонять; отказывать; [11]

1) Returns in the energy sector have been poor lately, and X. says POSCO (the Korean steel producer) is unlikely to *turn that around*.

• After six years of languor (*застой, отсутствующие движения*) and mismanagement things began to *turn around*.

• The year 2005 will be a time for millions of people to *turn their lives around*. (*изменить жизнь к лучшему*)

2) None of us can expect one human being to *turn things around*.

• The Norwegian government's hopes of *turning around* the deep public hostility to joining the European Union will be boosted today by an opinion poll showing a sharp increase in support for EU membership.

3) It may take me a week to *turn the work around*.

4) The lorry may need a day to *turn around*.

• He applied for a loan, but was *turned down*.

• He was offered a position in the Cabinet of ministers but *turned the job down*.

• He dislikes publicity and *turns down* most requests for interviews.

• North Korea *turned down* a demand by Japan to scrap its nuclear arms programme.

turn over

v adv

1) (о бизнесе) иметь оборот; обихрачивать (деньги); [Г1]

2) (о группе работников) уходить с работы; менять работу; [IØ]

1) They are running a company *turning over* nearly a million pounds a year.

• Advanta – a subsidiary of the Anglo-Dutch group – *turns over* £25m a year in the UK.

2) 50% of their employees *turned over* every 5 years.

turn round

= turn around

v adv

изменить, перевернуть; [Т1]

So far, the Koreans' record in *turning round* these financially shaky companies, using the Korean strength in mass-production management, has been impressive.

turn up

v adv

not find неожиданно появляться или обнаруживаться; [IØ]

A Spanish official says he expects all the Europeans (*members of the EU*) to *turn up* at the Madrid meeting.

turn upside down

v adv

привести (ч.-л.) в беспорядок; поставить с ног на голову; перевернуть вверх дном

That distribution system is now being *turned upside down*.

usher in

v adv

объявлять (о ч.-л.), возвестить (о ч.-л.); [Т1а]

Ironically, Mr. L. actively helped to *usher in* the age of today's big luxury-goods conglomerates.

wake up

v adv

осознавать(ся); [IØ (to)]

- Italy's governments have *woken up* to their responsibilities.
- The world is slowly *waking up* to these dangers.
- America must *wake up* sooner rather than later to the fact that the rest of the world sees Israel as an extension of it (US).
- They (*executive directors*) would *wake up* to the enormous losses.

walk out

v adv

1) не работать в знак протеста; [IØ]

2) уйти в знак протеста; [IØ (of, on)]

- 1) In the center for engineering industry around 120,000 workers *walked out* for several hours.
- About 2,400 workers *walked out* Thursday in a local contract dispute.

walk out on

v adv prep

1) уйти в знак протеста (*против к.-л. или ч.-л.*); [T1]2) *infml* покидать, бросать (*к.-л.*); [T1]

He (*a brilliant financier*) *walks out on* his N.Y. bank, his wife and his children.

ward off

v adv

отражать, оттягивать, отгонять (*ч.-л.*); [T1]

- Our company are trying to *ward off* being taken over.
- He used his patent to *ward off* would-be rivals.

water down

v adv

сглаживать, смягчать, ослаблять (*ч.-л.*); [T1 (usu. pass.)]

- The Franco-German plan *is* already *being watered down*.
- An effort to help push domestic bond markets was *watered down*.

wear down

v adv

ослаблять, изматывать

(противника); [Г1]

These businessmen are masters of using timing (*выбор времени*) to *wear down* and *throw off* an adversary (*победить противника, соперника*) across the negotiation table.

weed out

v adv

not *finl* удалить, упразднить;

выбирать (ч.-л. или к.-л.);

[Г1]

A whole number of ministries are to be *weeded out*. (*упразднены*)

whittle down

v adv

ослаблять (ч.-л.), умень-
шать; [Г1]

снизить расходы (*зарплату, стоимость и т.п.*); смяг-
чить (*заявление – a statement*)

The negotiations have been *whittled down* from 15 specific topics to seven.

- Russia desperately needs investments if it's to *whittle down* that trade deficit.

- Ethnic-Chinese ownership in the country's banking groups (*Malaysia*) would be *whittled down*.

wind up

v adv

1) доводить (что-л.) до
конца; заканчивать (что-л.);
[Г1]

1) *Winding up* the debate, he asked the secretary to bring him all the papers as soon as possible.

- After nearly two hours, Sir Ch. *wound up* the meeting defiantly. "I'm not going to resign just yet," he said.

2) not *finl* оказаться (оде-л.);
[L9 {at, in, on}]

2) A lot of private information often *winds up* in these questionnaires.

3) закончить (чем-л.),
оказаться (в к.-л. положении); [L4]

3) He eventually *wound up* living in the streets.

- Such an agreement would likely *wind up* setting off more fighting

4) *not find* стать (кем-л.);
оказаться (в каком-л.
положении); [L1], [L7]

5) *not find* в конце концов
получить (что-л.);
[L9 (with)]

6) (*commerce*) ликвидиро-
вать (ся); свернуть

between the Muslims and the
Christians.

4) He left government to pursue a
successful career in business, *winding
up* as chief executive of a big industrial
company.

5) When a person with money meets
a person with experience, the person
with the experience *winds up with* the
money and the person with the money
winds up with the experience.

6) Proposals for *winding up* the
company will be put to the annual
meeting in August.

• An increasingly popular option is
for the employer to *wind up* the pension.

wither away

v adv

постепенно исчезать или
терять ценность (*значние*);
[IØ - away]

These loss-making rural post offices
(UK) *can wither away*.

work off

v adv

1) отработать (долг); [T1]

2) отделаться, освободиться
(особ. с приложением
труда и усилий); [T1];

распродать, сбыть

3) обработать (ч.-л.), прора-
ботать (ч.-л.)

1) I offered *to work off* my debt.

2) Mr. B. believes production
improvements are likely to lag behind
the upturn in orders as companies *work
off* an *inventory overhang* (*излишек
запасов товаров, сырья и готовой
продукции*) built up during the recent
months of weak orders.

work out

v adv

1) придумать, выработать,
составить (*план и т.п.*); [T1]

1) They *worked out* a privatization
plan.

• They attempted to bring the parties
together to *work out* a settlement.

2) разрешать (*разногласия и т.п.*), преодолевать (*трудности*), решать (*задачу*); [T1]

1) срабатывать, быть успешным; [10]

4) получать(ся) в итоге; [T1]

5) подсчитать, высчитать (ч.-л.); [T1], [T5], [T6]

6) *work sb out of a job* – способствовать увольнению (к.-л.)

2) He was confident that he could *work out* these differences.

• The best thing would be to leave Albania alone until it *works out* its internal problems.

• A compromise was quickly *worked out*.

3) The ad campaign *did not work out*.

• I tend to believe that things have a way of *working out* for the best if you *make it so*.

4) The cost *works out* at \$10 per day.

5) If workers are free to set their own production targets and are encouraged to raise them by the incentives built into the payment system they may thereby be regarded either as *working their fellows out of a job* or as keeping others out of employment.

work out as/to

v adv prep

(о подсчете) составлять; [L1]

The tuition fees can *work out to* less than \$2000.

work up

v adv

1) развивать(ся), увеличивать(ся), наращивать(ся), усиливать(ся); добиваться, завоевывать

2) возбуждать, беспокоить, нервировать (кого-л.); [T1 (often pass.)]

1) I'm convinced we can *work up* a big *demand* for our goods there.

2) While it's sex and violence that terrify Americans, British audiences *get more worked up* by the ethical implications.

write down

v adv

снижать номинальную цену (ч.-л.); понижать стоимость; производить частичное списание (напр., стоимости актива вследствие амортизации); [T] (usu. pass.)

• In the oil-price downturn, companies had *to write down* assets, cut dividends and reduce production plans because they were too leveraged (*связаны, обусловлены*) to higher oil price.

• The group said it would cut 550 jobs and *write down* the business's assets by \$740m before tax.

write off

v adv

1) *not finl* списывать (ч.-л. или к.-л.), считать бесполезным, непригодным и т.п.; [T (as)]

2) списывать (ч.-л.) как потерявшее цену; [T]

3) списывать (долг и т.п.); [T]

1) The switch (*переброска инвестиций из одной сферы в другую*) is symbolic of the stability we've been able to achieve after some *had written us off*.

• Texas is too big a state for anybody *to write off*.

2) The company is *to write off* \$15m of these costs against its profits.

• In Japan, companies can *write off* capital expenditures in 3 to 5 years.

3) Dai-Inchi Kangyo Bank, one of Japan's largest commercial lenders, plans *to write off* ¥550bn of bad loans this year, *plunging it into red* for the first time.

Упражнения к словарю фразовых глаголов

Упр. 1. Переведите на русский язык следующие предложения, в которых используется фразовый глагол **be up to**.

1. It is up to all of us in manufacturing industry to display our expertise and initiative to ensure the creation of wealth for the nation.
2. The United States Congress should be up to its responsibility and speak out for continuation of the Geneva talks.
3. Our current organization is not up to the job.
4. It is up to the marketing manager whether the budget should be geared to a profit goal, a sales goal, or a market share goal.
5. So what's he been up to lately?
6. It should really be up to each individual person to discover within themselves the answer to the question.
7. All the remaining firms are to be auctioned. It will be up to their new owners to restructure them.

Упр. 2. Переведите на английский язык следующие предложения, используя фразовый глагол **be up to**.

1. Им предстоит самим решать, что делать.
2. Нам самим надо находить решение.
3. Мы не можем судить о том, какие деньги являются криминальными, а какие нет. В этом должны разбираться правоохранительные органы (law-enforcement bodies).

Упр. 3. Заполните пропуски соответствующими адverbialными частями после глагола **bring**: about, down, in, out, up.

1. The agency is brought to audit the financial statements. (привлекать кого-л. для оказания помощи)
2. When several people get together, it is easier to bring good ideas. (высказывать мнение и т.п.)
3. The government attempted to bring inflation from ten to four percent. (снижать цену и т.п.)
4. These moves have helped bring a boom in investing (in arms sales). (быть причиной чего-л.; вызывать ч.-л.)
5. This group brought Japan's government. (добиться чьей-л. отставки)